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BY P. M. HALE,
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THE RALEIGH NEWS.

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THE DAILY NEWS.

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By Telegraph.

NOON REPORTS

Rumors and Facts at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—It is said that Miller of Nebraska, a delegate, has a letter from Gov. Seymour, to be presented to the Convention repeating his declination. He says he is thinking more of his will and children than of the Presidency, and if it comes to a choice between a funeral and a nomination he would prefer the former.

The name of Judge Pratt, of Brooklyn, was mentioned last night as a possible New York candidate.

The New York delegation has just accepted Tilden's withdrawal, by a resolution congratulating him on the act. They also send an engrossed copy of the resolution to the Kentucky delegation. The resolution congratulating Tilden on his declination was offered by Mr. Schoonmaker, and it was adopted unanimously. The delegation selected the following to appear before the Committee on Credentials to discuss the question of contested seats: J. T. Spriggs, J. O. Jacobs, O. Schoonmaker, Jno. R. Fellows, Orris N. Kellogg, Rufus W. Peckham. The following committee was appointed to report to-night on temporary officers of the convention and on committees: Daniel Manning, Wm. C. Kingsley, Dennis O'Brien, R. H. Gwyness.

The following is the resolution of the New York delegation:

"*Resolved*, That with a sense of profound gratitude for his great services to the country and to the Democratic party, and unqualified admiration for his character and abilities, this delegation has received with deep regret the impressive declination by Governor Tilden to be a candidate for re-nomination for President of the United States."

While there is no such crowd here as at Chicago during the Republican Convention, nevertheless the hotels and streets are well filled with strangers and evidence the keen interest seen on every hand. Tilden's persistent friends do not regard his letter as an absolute withdrawal from the canvass, and would press his name if there appeared to be any chance of success, but outside of his pledged supporters there is evident everywhere a disposition to accept his declination as definitive. The sentiment of delegates as they arrive seems to favor Bayard, but with no certainty of his nomination. The friends of Hendricks rather despair over his prospects, and Tilden's delegates do not altogether accept either Payne or Randall as the legatee of his claims. Hancock's friends, who are many, appear to be reserving themselves until their opportunity shall develop. Jewett has quite a following which is active and well organized. Field's advocates are working hard and methodically to get up a boom for him. Randolph and Groesbeck each has many earnest supporters. The general situation on the whole is so mixed that nothing could be more hazardous or uncertain than any prediction as to the final result.

A Burned Village.

LONDON, June 21.—A Pesth dispatch says that the village of Homona, in the county of Semplius, has been destroyed by fire. Many of the inhabitants are burned and others injured. A famine having raged since the beginning of the winter, the misery is indescribable. One thousand and eleven houses were burned in Hungary during May.

Sixty-three persons were killed during the late storm and water spout near Dresden.

No doubt the famine fever has appeared in the West and South of Ireland.

A Real Boom.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The reports from the Mississippi river state that the river continues to rise, flooding the surrounding country. A special from McGregor, Iowa, says the Mississippi river has risen over twenty feet and travel on all the roads is cut off except the West St. Paul. The saw mills have stopped business and are at a stand still. Hundreds of thousands of tons of ice have been carried off by the waters.

MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

Shooting.

RICHMOND, June 21.—Last night a negro named William Burke, in a supposed fit of jealousy, shot Pat Harris, also colored, in the mouth. He then locked himself up in his house with his wife, and armed with a loaded musket defied arrest, threatening to kill any one who attempted to enter. The police surrounded the house and proceeded to break in. A panel was knocked out of the door through which Burke's wife tried to make her exit, but before she had succeeded her husband struck her over the head with the musket, crushing in her skull and scattering her brains. The police entered and secured the murderer. While this was going on a large crowd of negroes gathered, and when they learned that Burke had killed his wife the excitement became intense and efforts were made to take him from the police and hang him, but the officers kept the crowd off and took the prisoner to the station-house.

Fever in Ireland.

LONDON, June 20.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. William E. Forster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, confirmed the report of the existence of fever in some districts of Ireland.

Not Guilty.

MARSHALL, TEX., June 21.—The Currie case was given to the jury at 8:30 p. m., and fifteen minutes afterwards returned a verdict of not guilty on the ground of insanity.

Mr. Tilden's Letter of Declination.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—The following is the full text of Gov. Tilden's withdrawal letter:—

NEW YORK, June 18, 1880.—To the Delegates from the State of New York to the Democratic National Convention: Your first assembling is an occasion on which it is proper for me to state to you my relation to the nomination for the Presidency, which you and your associates are commissioned to make in behalf of the Democratic party of the United States. Having passed my earlier years in an atmosphere filled with traditions of the war which secured our national independence, and of the struggles which made our continental system a government for the people, by the people, I learned to idolize the institutions of my country, and was educated to believe it the duty of a citizen of the republic to take his fair allotment of care and trouble in public affairs. I fulfilled that duty to the best of my ability for forty years as a private citizen. Although during all my life, giving at least as much thought and effort to public affairs as to all other objects, I have never accepted official service except for a brief period for a special purpose, and only when the occasion seemed to require of me that sacrifice of private preferences to public interests. My life has been substantially that of a private citizen. It was I presume the success of efforts in which, as a private citizen, I had shared to overthrow a corrupt combination, then holding dominion in our metropolis, and to purify the judiciary, which had become its tool, that induced the Democracy of the State in 1874 to nominate me for Governor. This was done in spite of the protest of a minority that the part I had borne in those reforms had created antagonisms fatal to me as a candidate. I felt constrained to accept the nomination as the most certain means of putting the power of the Gubernatorial office on the side of reform, and of removing the impression wherever it prevailed that the faithful discharge of one's duty as a citizen is fatal to his usefulness as a public servant. The breaking up of the canal ring, the better management of our public works, the large reduction of taxes and other reforms accomplished during my administration, doubtless occasioned my nomination for the Presidency by the Democracy of the Union in the hope that similar processes would be applied to the Federal Government. From the responsibilities of such an undertaking, appalling as it seemed to me, I did not feel at liberty to shrink. In the canvass which ensued the Democratic party represented reform in the administration of the Federal government and a restoration of our complex political system to the pure ideas of its founders. Upon these issues the people of the United States, by a majority of more than a quarter of a million, chose a majority of the electors to cast their votes for the Democratic candidates for President and Vice-President. It is my right and privilege here to say that I was nominated and elected to the Presidency absolutely free from any engagement in respect to the exercise of its powers or the disposal of its patronage. Through the whole period of my relation to the Presidency I did everything in my power to elevate and nothing to lower moral standards in the competition of parties. By what nefarious means the basis for a false count was laid in several of the States I need not recite. These are now matters of history about which, whatever diversity of opinion may have existed in either of the great parties of the country at the time of their consummation, has since practically disappeared. I refused to ransom from the returning boards of the Southern States the documentary evidence, by the suppression of which and by the substitution of fraudulent and forged papers a pretext was made for the perpetration of a false count.

The constitutional duty of the two houses of Congress to count the electoral votes as cast, and to give effect to the will of the people as expressed by their suffrages, was never fulfilled. An electoral commission, for the existence of which I have no responsibility, was formed, and to it the two Houses of Congress abdicated their duty to make the count by a law enacting that the count of the commission should stand as final, unless overruled by the concurrent action of the two Houses. Its false count was not over-ruled, owing to the complicity of a Republican Senate with the Republican majority of the commission, controlled by its Republican majority of 8 to 7. The electoral commission counted out the men elected by the people and counted in the men not elected by the people. That subversion of the election created a new issue for the decision of the people of the United States, transcending in importance all questions of administration. It involved the vital principle of self-government through elections by the people.

The immense growth of the means of corrupt influence over the ballot-box which is at the disposal of the party having possession of the executive administration had already become a present evil and a great danger, tending to make elections irresponsible to public opinion, hampering the power of the people to change their rulers, and enabling the men holding the machinery of government to continue and perpetuate their power.

It was my opinion in 1876 that the opposition attempting to change the administration needed to include at least two-thirds of the voters at the opening of the canvass in order to retain a majority at the election. If after such obstacles had been overcome, and a majority of the people had voted to change the administration of their government, the men in office could still procure a false count founded upon frauds, perjury and forgeries, furnishing a pretext of documentary evidence on which to base that false count, and if such a transaction were not only successful, but if after allotments of its benefits were made to its contrivers, abettors and apologists by the chief beneficiary of the transactions, it were condoned by the people, a practical destruction of elections by the people would have been accomplished.

The failure to install the candidates chosen by the people, a contingency consequent upon no act or omission of mine, and beyond my control, has thus left me for the last three years, and until now, when the democratic party, by its delegates in national convention assembled, shall choose a new leader, the involuntary but necessary representative of this momentous issue, as such denied the immunities of private life without the powers conferred by public station, subject to unceasing falsehoods and calumnies from the partisans of an administration laboring in vain to justify its existence.

I have, nevertheless, steadfastly endeavored to preserve to the Democratic party of the United States the supreme issue before the people for their decision next November, whether this shall be a government by the sovereign people through elections, or a government by discarded servants holding over by force and fraud; and I have withheld no sacrifice and neglected no opportunity to uphold, organize and consolidate against the enemies of representative institutions the great party which alone, under God, can effectually resist their overthrow.

Having now borne faithfully my full share of labor and care in the public service, and wearying in the marks of its burdens, I desire nothing so much as an honorable discharge. I wish to lay down the honors and toils of even *quasi* party leadership and to seek the repose of private life.

In renouncing a renomination for the Presidency I do so with no doubt in my mind as to the vote of the State of New York or of the United States, but because I believe that it is a renunciation of re-election to the Presidency. To those who think my nomination and re-election indispensable to an effectual vindication of the right of the people to elect their rulers, violated in my person, I have accorded as long a reserve of my decision as possible, but I cannot overcome my repugnance to enter into a new engagement which involves four years of ceaseless toil.

The dignity of the Presidential office is above a merely personal ambition, but it creates in me no illusion; its value is as a great power for good to the country. I said four years ago, in accepting the nomination; "Knowing as I do, therefore, from fresh experience, how great the difference is between gliding through an official routine and working out a reform of systems and policies, it is impossible for me to contemplate what needs to be done in the federal administration without an anxious sense of the difficulties of the undertaking. If summoned by the suffrages of my countrymen to attempt this work I shall endeavor, with God's help, to be the efficient instrument of their will."

Such a work of renovation after many years of misrule, such a reform of systems and policies to which I would cheerfully have sacrificed all that remained to me of health and life, is now, I fear, beyond my strength. With unfeigned thanks for the honors bestowed on me, with a heart swelling with emotions of gratitude to the Democratic masses for the support which they have given to the cause I represented, and their confidence in every emergency, I remain your fellow-citizen,

SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

Fire.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The U. S. Distilling Co.'s brewery on 27th street near the lake was partially destroyed by fire this morning. Loss on building, stock, (chiefly whiskies and high wines), and machinery, is $25,000 to $30,000. Insurance, $18,000. Daniel McCarthy and Pat Linder, employees, were probably fatally burned.

Murder of a Preacher.

GALVESTON, June 21.—A Jefferson special to the *News* says: "On Sunday last Gordon Moore, living in Marion county, surprised Ben Benjamin, a respected colored preacher in criminal intimacy with his wife and killed him.

HOTELS.

The Hygeia Hotel,
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.,
Situated 100 yards from Fort Monroe. Open all the year. Equal to any hotel in the United States as a SUMMER RESORT.
Send for circular describing hygienic advantages, etc.
HARRISON PHOEBUS,
my27-taug27. Proprietor.

The New Morehead City Hotel,
MOREHEAD, N. C.
This new and splendid Seaside Resort will be thrown open for the accommodation of the public by the 21st June.
The hotel is entirely new and affords ample accommodations. The building is supplied with water, gas and other desirable conveniences. The rooms are large, thoroughly ventilated and well furnished with new furniture throughout.
We exaggerate nothing in saying that this is the most delightful Summer Resort on the Atlantic Coast. It is safely located near the water and commands a magnificent ocean view and a fine refreshing sea breeze.
Being located on the Morehead side, visitors, on getting off the cars, are saved the annoyance of crossing the water in boats, so fatiguing after a long journey, and especially at night in stormy weather.
The building is so constructed as to render it peculiarly comfortable and attractive to persons seeking health and pleasure.
THE TABLE will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season—both land and water. Servants polite and attentive, and nothing will be left untried to render guests and visitors comfortable.
BATHING AND SAILING.—Splendid bathing arrangements within a short distance from the hotel, and fine facilities for open bathing. The surf is only about a mile distant. Fast sailing boats can be had at all times for surf-bathing, fishing and sailing, with experienced boatmen in charge of them.
We have a splendid BALL ROOM, and the Italian Band is employed for the season.
RATES.—Board by the day, $2; by the week $12, and by the month $40.
Special arrangements made with families.
W. W. FREEMAN,
je18-1m. Proprietor.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

F. B. HILL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Family Grocer,
AND DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS, &c.,
Cor. Wilmington and Hargett Sts.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
je11-tjy4.

LAGER BEER
I respectfully call the attention of my friends, patrons and the public generally of the South to
MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND HEALTHY LAGER,
brewed purely of malt and hops, by the Vienna method and expressly for exportation.
JACOB SEEGER,
2315 German street, Baltimore, Md.
jan 31 '81

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR
The Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists Digestion, Strengthens the System, Regulates the Bowels, Purifies the Blood. A Book sent free. Address *Dr. Sanford*, 162 Broadway, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
je 19-6m

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS
—AT—
Jos. P. Gulley's Old Stand,
RALEIGH, N. C.
In order to supply the increasing demand for goods at this
Old-Established House,
I have laid in a
COMPLETE STOCK,
To which I invite the attention of my old wholesale and retail customers, and all who may wish to buy.
The stock is full in every branch, including
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
WHITE GOODS, ETC.
Coats' Celebrated Six-cord Spool Cotton and Miles' and Boyden's Shoes, all styles, specialties.
Terms Cash. Prices right.
J. P. GULLEY.
till aug 20

SPRING AND SUMMER.
The largest, most varied and complete stock of
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
Carpets, Fancy Goods
EMBROIDERIES,
Laces, Edgings, White Goods, Scotch Lawns, French Twills, Victoria Lawns, Organdies, Swiss Brocade and Mull, India Muslins, Hair Cord Piques, Soft Finish Cambrics, Jaconets, Bleach Goods,
Sea Island Cotton Percales,
CHAMBRAY PRINTS,
GINGHAMS, 10½, BLEACHED and BROWN SHEETINGS,
Colored Damasks for FRUIT CLOTHS
Linen Sheetings,
Irish Linens,
Basket Wove Linen,
Linen and Silk Mixtures for Ladies and Boys' wear,
Lace and Bunting Curtains in sets, 2½ yds., 3½, and 4 yds.
GLOVES, KID, (OUR OWN MAKE) LISLE, LACE MITTS.
Dress Goods! Dress Goods!!
BUNTINGS, all colors, all widths
Lace Buntings, French Debeges,
Mohair Debeges, Dentelles,
Segonia Suitings,
Silk and Linen and Silk and Wool Mixtures,
Poplins, Irish Poplins,
English Bombazines,
MOHAIRS, ALPACAS,
BRILLIANTINES.
LAWNS, LAWNS,
Fast colors, good styles, 6½c.
Calicoes, Calicoes!
THE BEST. | THE BEST.
YEARGAN, PETTY & CO'S.
No. 30, Fayetteville Street,
july 1, '80 Raleigh, N. C.

INSURANCE.

OLD NOR
Fire Insuran
OF WARRE
Has been in Successful
A Thoroughly Relia
W. S. DAVIS, President.
my27-80-tmy27-81

INSURE
AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.
N. C. HOME INSURANCE CO.
OF RALEIGH, N. C.
1868. 1880.
may 24 to aug 1 '80

THE EQUITABLE
Life Assurance Society
OF THE UNITED STATES.
120 Broadway, - - - - - NEW YORK.

Risks assumed in 1879	7,483
Policies Assuring	$26,502,541.00
Assets	$37,366,841.75
Surplus	$7,515,407.75

HERY B. HYDE, President.
JAMES W. ALEXANDER, V. Pres't.
GEO. T. G. WHITE,
Southern Manager.
Every Policy issued by the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States becomes "indisputable," after being in force for three years.
TWENTY ANNUAL PAYMENT LIFE POLICY, WITH TONTINE APPLICATION FOR TWENTY YEARS, CALLED THE TONTINE SAVINGS FUND POLICY.
ESTIMATED RESULTS.
Amount, $1,000; Age, 30; Annual Payments of $30.36.
Total Premiums paid in 20 years, $607.20; Reserve on Policy in 20 years, $467.00; Accumulated Dividends in 20 years, $631.00—104 per cent.; Total cash value in 20 years, $1,098.00—180 per cent.
You pay $30.36 annually for 20 years, and in case of death prior to that period, your heirs will receive $1,000, which is certainly a very large return for the money paid. If, however, you live to the end of the 20 years, you will have two privileges, either one of which you may elect.
First—Terminate your insurance by withdrawing the total cash value of your Policy, $1,098.00, which is the amount of the reserve and accumulated dividends added together, being equivalent to returning you $180 for every $100 paid, besides your insurance of $1,000 for 20 years.
Second—Withdraw, in cash, your accumulated dividends, $631, which is 104 per cent. of the premiums paid, and besides receive a paid-up policy for $1,000, payable at death, upon which no further premium will be required, but, on the contrary, this paid-up policy will yield annual dividends.
There is no surrender or paid-up value to this policy until the expiration of the Tontine period. Thirty days' grace is allowed for the payment of premiums on this policy, but when taken, a fine or interest, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, will be required.
It affords me great pleasure in calling the attention of my friends and the public in general to the prominent position now held by the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, which I have the honor of representing. To obtain a full and perfect knowledge of the workings of this immense institution, I would respectfully refer you to the examination of the leaflet "Facts," lately published by the Society, and which is in general circulation, but I desire especially now to invite all those who have not yet insured, as well as those who are contemplating additional insurance, to examine carefully the operations of the "*Tontine Savings Fund Policy*," which are practically explained above. Those of my old friends I take it for granted are sufficiently satisfied that it is to their interest to carry policies of assurance, but there is a large number of young men now coming upon the stage of life who are to take our places, and who will require especially the aid offered by sound and well-conducted Life Assurance Companies in providing against death as well as mature age. To all such is this plan of assurance particularly adapted. Many of these policies which have had a shorter period to run are now maturing, and the results prove that no other plan of assurance can or ever has produced such favorable returns. Is there any young man from the age of 18 to 30 who cannot afford to lay aside every year the small sum of $30.36? This amount will secure a policy of $1,000 payable at death, and it is estimated that it will pay the same amount at the end of the twenty years. *In a word this investment obviates the necessity of a savings bank, because in case of death it accomplishes at once what would require the savings of a life-time.*
P. F. PESCUD, Gen'l Ag't,
je 22-dlm w3w RALEIGH, N. C.

E. J. HALE & SON,
PUBLISHERS,
Booksellers & Stationers
17 Murray Steet, NEW YORK.

Who is Your Wife?
A COMPLEX CONUNDRUM COLLOQUIALLY CONSIDERED.
BY WALDORF H. PHILLIPS.
We beg leave to announce that we have published, under the above title, a very novel and remarkable work. It is, in the form of fiction, a humorous and powerful satire on Divorce Laws and their complications. The author takes for his text a proposed new marriage ceremony, thus:—
"Do you take this woman to be your wife—*until you are divorced?*
"Do you take this man to be your husband—*until you change your mind?*
"Then, they whom I unite, let some Court put asunder."
The work is full of humor and keen satire; it is decidedly a most original and novel addition to American publications, and it is confidently believed will prove the literary sensation of the year. Price, in paper binding, 50c.; in cloth, 75c. Can be had of all Booksellers and News Dealers, or will be sent, postage paid, upon receipt of the price, by the publishers.
E. J. HALE & SON.
je12-tf.

INSURANCE.

TH STATE
ce Company,
NTON, N. C.,
Operation for Eight Years.
ble Home Company.
B. F. LONG, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

O'KELLY & BAKER,
Livery and Exchange Stables.
Carriages, Buggies and Horses for hire at all hours of the day or night.
SALISBURY ST., REAR OF BRIGGS BUILDING.
je15-1m.

WOOD AND COAL.—J. D. WHITAKER'S order boxes to be found in the following popular business houses:
ANDREWS & FERRALL, Grocers, on Fayetteville street.
M. GRAUSMAN, Grocer, on Fayetteville street.
PRITCHARD & BROOKS, Hillsboro and Salisbury streets, and also one in COTTON EXCHANGE ROOM.
Wood, oak, sawed to order, - - - $3.50
Wood, pine, sawed to order, - - - 3 00
Reduction on car load lots. June 8—1y

H. J. BROWN,
DEALER IN
WOOD AND METALIC
Burial Cases and Caskets
RALEIGH, N. C.
Orders by mail or telegraph promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.
je10-1y.

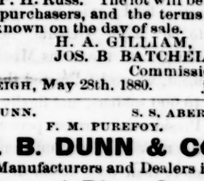
NOTICE.
North Carolina Railroad Company,
SECRETARY & TREASURER'S OFFICE, COMPANY SHOPS, May 31st, 1880.
THE THIRTY-FIRST ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad Company will be held in Greensboro, N. C., on the second Thursday of July, 1880, and the transfer books of stock of said Company will be closed from this date until after the meeting.
P. B. RUFFIN,
je1 lawtjy1-dt8. Secretary.

SALE OF
Valuable City Property.
ON MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF June, 1880, the undersigned will sell at the Court House in the city of Raleigh, the house and lots lying on Hargett street in the city of Raleigh, the residence of the late J. P. H. Russ. The lot will be divided to suit purchasers, and the terms will be made known on the day of sale.
H. A. GILLIAM,
JOS. B BATCHELOR,
Commissioners.
RALEIGH, May 28th, 1880. je4-td.

W. B DUNN. S. S. ABERNATHY.
F. M. PUREFOY.
W. B. DUNN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Plows and Plow Castings,
WAKE FOREST COLLEGE, N. C.
till nov 15, '80

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE.
W. H. Morriss,
FAYETTEVILLE ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
RALEIGH, N. C.
I have in store a nice and select stock of Walnut and Cheap Furniture from the best manufacture's in the East and West, bought in the last four months previous to the late advance in prices, which I will sell for cash at less prices than such goods have ever been sold for in Raleigh before, or any market outside of Raleigh, freight and express added.
Nice first class Walnut Dressing Case Suites at $50, worth $65; Suites at $60 worth $75; Bureau Suites at $40 and $45; three marble fine Walnut French Dressing Suites, French Plate Glass for $110, worth $130. All Suits have ten pieces. Also a nice line of Walnut marble top Tables at $5, $6, $7.50, $8.00, $12.50, $13.00. Walnut Hat Racks $7.50, $8.00 and $10.00. Side Boards at less than they can be bought for at factory. Wardrobes, Extension Tables, Parlour Suites, Rocking Chairs, Lounges, all kinds of Chairs, in fact everything found in a first-class furniture store. All who contemplate buying soon will save money by buying new goods purchased now and paid for. I will keep goods until September 1st, if required to do so. I wish to discontinue the furniture business, is my reason for offering my stock at such prices.
I will sell my stock as a whole to any one wishing to engage in the business. Call and examine for yourself. I want to get out of the business if I can without too great a sacrifice.
W. H. MORRISS,
Ware Rooms, Fayetteville St., opposite Post Office Raleigh, N. C.
may 24 to aug 15 '80

GREAT BARGAINS
—IN—
Furniture.  Furniture.
John T. Morriss,
Corner Fayetteville and Davie Streets,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
FURNITURE,
MATTRESSES,
SPRING BEDS, Etc.
I have now in store one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Furniture in the city, consisting of
Walnut D. C. Suites,
Cottage Suites,
Parlor Suites,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Washstands,
Tables,
Lounges,
Tin Safes,
Cribs, Cradles,
What-no's,
Wardrobes,
Desks,
Chairs, Rockers,
And many other goods, which will be sold cheap for cash. Now is your time to secure bargains.
oct 27 '80

SCHOOL BOOKS.

THE MOST POPULAR School Books of the Day
ARE PUBLISHED BY
D. APPLETON & COMPANY,
1, 3 & 5 Bond St., N. Y.
AMONG THEM ARE
APPLETONS' School Readers,
By
WILLIAM T. HARRIS, LL. D., Sup't of Schools, St. Louis, Mo.
A. J. RICKOFF, A. M., Sup't of Instruction, Cleveland, Ohio.
MARK BAILEY, A. M., Instructor in Elocution, Yale College.
Consisting of Five Books,
SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED.
Although these books have been before the public but a short time, they have attained an unprecedented success and popularity. During the past year
A MILLION COPIES
were introduced into the schools of the country. Among the cities and States now using them are New York, Brooklyn, Newark, Jersey City, Paterson, N. J., Syracuse, N. Y., Cleveland, Ohio; Wheeling, W. Va.; Oakland, Cal.; Davenport, Iowa; Kansas City, Mo.; Lawrence, Kansas; Logansport, Ind.; Racine, Wis.; Little Rock, Ark.; Memphis, Tenn.; and the States of Minnesota and South Carolina.
The test of class-use has everywhere confirmed the favorable opinions that were expressed on their first appearance.
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THE DAILY NEWS.

BY P. M. HALE, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

L. L. POLK, CORRESPONDING EDITOR.

RALEIGH, N. C.

TUESDAY.....JUNE 22, 1880.

CINCINNATI.

Mr. TILDEN's letter to the Cincinnati Convention, elsewhere printed in this morning's NEWS, will create a profound sensation. Under the most provoking conditions, any expression of bitterness or remonstrance is avoided, and the letter is an able and calm view of the political history of the last few years, concluding with a statement of the personal reasons compelling the separation of himself from the politics of the future.

The letter is not a surprise to us, nor do we regret it. That Mr. TILDEN was our first choice for the Presidency, and that we believe him to have been the first choice of the great mass of the Southern people, are facts well known to our readers. That his re-election was, to say the least, rendered uncertain by the party divisions in his own State, was sufficient reason, however, to make his renomination a hazardous experiment; and this is no time for experiments. There are men in the Democratic party who can win this fight, and who are also quite able to administer the affairs of this government with wisdom. Indeed, there is not one who has been named as a candidate who will not deserve and receive the hearty support of the Democratic people of the South. Among them all, the only question is that of success. To us it seems, as we have frequently said, that the best ticket would be BAYARD and HENDRICKS; the next surest to win, FIELD and POTTER. But the Convention is wiser than we, and will decide what is best.

THE WORK BEFORE US.

Good men and true, worthy and well qualified, are the men named by the Convention last week for State offices. The county tickets are next to be named, and these must be composed of men of the same stamp. That done, it will remain for us to give them a cordial, hearty and united support. There has been much so-called "independence" in our ranks during the last eighteen months. It is time to put a stop to it. There is talk of "independent" candidates here and there. None are needed. We warn all Democrats now, as we have warned them before, not to permit themselves to be divided on local issues, but to beware of jealousies and contentions; to pay no heed to "citizens' tickets," or so-called "people's candidates," when brought forward in opposition to the regular nominees. These pretences are subterfuges generally of disappointed aspirants used by the enemy to defeat our organization. We cannot afford to destroy or to weaken the Democratic party. It has rescued the State from Radical misrule; it has broken the alliance that has existed so long between power and crime; it has checked the system of public plunder, which was drawing our people to bankruptcy and to ruin, and it has finally restored the control of the government to the intelligence and virtue of the State. Its defeat is Radical rule, and Radical rule is oppression, civil rights bills, plunder, bankruptcy. Its success gives assurance of Constitutional Government, enforcement of law, and maintenance of right. Surely the cause is worthy of our supremest efforts!

Let us work together then as members of a common organization having a common end in view. There is too much at stake to hazard the result by indulgence in petty local and personal differences. All the deserving men cannot be selected as candidates, nor can all who offer themselves or who are urged by their friends be nominated. Some must give way; some must sacrifice their aspirations and their preferences. In every political organization the will of the majority of its members must constitute the rule of its action or it will lack the unity of design and concert of action so necessary to success. This will can be definitely ascertained only through mass meetings, through conventings of delegates, through caucuses, or at primary elections. When the will of the party is thus formally expressed by a nomination duly made in accordance with the usages of the party, there can be no appeal from it, and in point of fact none is ever made. The so-called independent candidates do not appeal from the nominating convention to the great body of their own party, but they appeal to a tribunal composed of the enemy in solid battle-array, and a straggling handful of their own men. Independent candidates are then always in collusion with the enemy, and they and their supporters can only be recognized as disorganizers—in a word as enemies. No man can rightfully claim to be a true member of a party who defies the duly expressed will of that party. Our cause is too just and our need for victory too great, to permit us to fritter away our strength upon local questions and mere personal preferences. Too many men, we fear, are taking it for granted that the abuses and complaints of the Radical party will work its defeat without effort and without united action on our part. There can be no delusion more fatal to our cause than this.

We have told these things over and over again, but they will bear telling once more, for if we would win the fight this year we must not take it for granted that our opponents will be defeated, and that we have nothing to do save to divide the spoils. As powerful as are the incentives to keep in subjection the party that when in power brought ruin and disgrace upon the State, we can accomplish that end only by united effort.

We have a hard year's work before us, and we need not shut our eyes to the fact. If we do our duty the day will be ours; if not we shall lose it.

DEATH OF GENERAL HOLMES.

He was of a generation now almost passed away, and for fifteen years has lived out of the world in the pine forests of Cumberland, but in every State of this Union there are men and women who will hear with sorrow of the death of THEOPHILUS HUNTER HOLMES, late a Lieutenant General in the armies of the Confederate States.

General HOLMES died on Sunday last, near Fayetteville, at the residence of his son-in-law, Capt. WILLIAM MCPHERSON. He was born in the county of Sampson in the year 1804; was the son of GABRIEL HOLMES, State Senator in 1807, Governor in 1821-22-23, and Representative in Congress from 1825 to 1829; and the grandson, on the mother's side, of THEOPHILUS HUNTER of Wake, a noted man in camp and in council during the War of the Revolution. His wife, who died in 1860, was LAURA, a daughter of I. WETMORE, Esq., of Fayetteville, niece of the late GEORGE E. BADGER, sister of Mrs. P. A. WILEY, of this city, of Mrs. HINSDALE and Mrs. BROADFOOT, of Fayetteville, and of Rev. Dr. GEO. B. WETMORE and Rev. W. R. WETMORE. He leaves a daughter and three sons, and a large connection by blood and marriage in Middle and Eastern North Carolina.

General HOLMES was graduated at West Point, in 1828, in the class of which JEFFERSON DAVIS was also a member, and the friendship then formed between the two young soldiers was never broken in life, and has been ended only by death. He served with distinction in the Seminole and Mexican wars, winning several brevets for gallantry, and at the close of the Mexican war was Major in the United States army. From that time his service was on the frontiers, until, near the outbreak of the War between the States, he was transferred to the command of Governor's Island, in the harbor of New York. From this post, early in 1861, he sent in his resignation, returned to North Carolina, and was in charge of the military preparations of the State until, commissioned a Brigadier-General by President DAVIS, he was transferred to active field service in Virginia. Promoted to be Major General, he was placed in charge of the trans-Mississippi Department, where he directed the movements of 40,000 soldiers, and finally accepted, at the President's earnest personal solicitation, the rank of Lieutenant-General, previously more than once declined. The disastrous close of the war found him facing the then public enemy on the soil of his own State, and left him broken in fortune and in health. But old and poor as he was, and unused to the ways of civil life, his spirit was unbroken, and seeking a livelihood for himself and his children, that which his hand found to do he did manfully.

Better men than General HOLMES are not made. Gentle and affectionate as woman, he was bravest of the brave. The men whom he led into battle in Florida and Mexico and Virginia thought him "born insensible to fear." But in truth he was of the highest type of the Christian soldier: he loved his neighbor and served GOD, and always doing his full duty to both he walked in the the path of danger without fear if its end should be in the presence of his Maker.

MR. PAYNE, of Ohio, who is said to be Mr. TILDEN's legatee, is sensible enough, or self-sacrificing enough, to counsel against the nomination of an Ohio man, lest the October election in that State may lead to disaster elsewhere in November.

WE SHOULD have had a special telegram from Cincinnati last night from one in a situation to know something about the situation there. But office hours here are early and Cincinnati hours are late.

DR. GRISSOM declines to be a candidate for Governor. See the correspondence elsewhere printed in this morning's NEWS.

THREE decisions were filed by the Supreme Court yesterday, digests of which appear in THE NEWS this morning.

GENERAL WADE HAMPTON is to be temporary chairman of the Cincinnati Convention.

BUNCOMBE CROP NOTES:—

Asheville, June 18, 1880.—The wheat crop which was thought a short while ago to be so flattering, is not near so good as it was expected to be. It seems to have fallen short of what was expected in both growth and grain.

The corn crop in some sections of the county is also reported as presenting an unfavorable appearance, but with regard to what it will be, it is yet so small, no one can safely prophesy. If, however, all the farmers will work and watch over their crops as faithfully as I from my window daily see my friend "James Greenlee" doing, I am sure the crop will go far ahead of what may now be expected.

Tobacco growers have, some of them, in a certain measure, failed in their intentions for the want of rain to enable them to plant their crop. COR.

BALLOT FOR LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.

The second ballot, on which Governor ROBINSON was nominated by a large majority, was printed in THE NEWS of the 18th inst. As matter of reference the votes as cast by each county on the first ballot are annexed:—

	Robinson.	Carr.	Holt.	Craige.
Alamance,			14	
Alexander,				8
Alleghany,				5
Anson,	16			
Ashe,	11			
Beaufort,	11 9-10	1 7-10		3 4-10
Bertie,			11	
Bladen,	14			
Brunswick,		10		
Buncombe,	20			
Burke,	8		3	1
Cabarrus,	16			
Caldwell,	12			
Camden,	7			
Carteret,	6	5		
Caswell,			15	
Catawba,	8		11	
Chatham,		21		
Cherokee,	7			
Chowan,	6			
Clay,	3			
Cleveland,	11	7		
Columbus,	4		10	
Craven,	83	44		
Cumberland,	22			
Currituck,	10			
Dare,	3			
Davidson,			17	
Davie,				10
Duplin,		22		
Edgecombe,	9		8	
Forsyth,				15
Franklin,	15	4		
Gaston,	12			
Gates,	9			
Granville,		24		
Greene,		9		
Guilford,			23	
Halifax,	17			
Harnett,	6	5		
Haywood,	10			
Henderson,	7			
Hertford,	10			
Hyde,	4½	4½		
Iredell,	24			
Jackson,	6			
Johnston,			21	
Jones,	6			
Lenoir,	11	1		
Lincoln,	9	1	1	
Macon,	7			
Madison,	9			
Martin,	3½	6½	3½	
McDowell,	10			
Mecklenburg,			34	
Mitchell,	6			
Montgomery,		6		
Moore,	3½	9½		
Nash,	4	13		
New Hanover,	6	3	4½	1½
Northampton,		14		
Onslow,		13		
Orange,		24		
Pamlico,	7			
Pasquotank,	8			
Pender,		6		6
Perquimans,	5½	2½		
Person,		10½	1½	
Pitt,	11	5	5	
*Polk,				
Randolph,	1	11	5	
Richmond,	8		5	
Robeson,	21			
Rockingham,	11	5	5	
Rowan,				22
Rutherford,	12			
Sampson,				21
Stanly,	6	2		2
Stokes,	6			5
Surry,	13			
Swain,	4			
Transylvania,	4			
Tyrrel,			5	
Union,	16			
Wake,		28	14	
Warren,	5	5	3	
Washington,		7		
Watauga,				7
Wayne,	6½	8	7½	
Wilkes,	13			
Wilson,	9	3	6	
Yadkin,				8
Yancey,	7			
Total,	582	301	282	114

*Polk's 4 votes were cast for Mr. Bennett.

What Durham Does.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

DURHAM, N. C., June 19, 1880.

EDITOR NEWS:—Speaking of angels reminds us that they are not always clothed in flowing red skirts (as the picture called "The Angel of Peace" has it) with white tarleton wings, and-so-forth, and-so-forth, but oft they appear in human form, with real flesh and blood bodies and carrying on their arm a good-sized basket of something nice and savory for the poor widow and helpless children. That's the kind we have about Durham. One of that "*same sort*" we saw, a few days ago, on her round of mercy, to visit a sick family, all of whom were helpless, or nearly so, and she thought the watchers, who sat up at night around the sick bed, "might need *something*," she said, "lest they become weary and exhausted before day." How thoughtful! If all who need "night-help," and are able to provide generously for those who watch near the sick, would remember to thus provide, it would not be difficult to secure this kind of assistance in the hour of need. Durham is a *famous place* in many other respects, as well as faithful in the matter of which we speak.

The varied interests of our little city are truly assuming *large proportions*; and among these, first, and foremost and the chief, is the enormous tobacco trade of a vast section, embracing many counties, which finds its grand *centre and focus* in the ware-houses, prize-rooms and immense buildings where the article is manufactured in our rapidly expanding and thrift-begetting city of old Orange county, called Durham. It is quite a treat to a stranger visiting our town to enter for the first time one of the great warehouses (Parrish & Blackwell's for instance) on the day of any ordinary sale of leaf tobacco. We would attempt a description of one of these *sales*, but no "*pen can do the subject justice.*" To be fully comprehended, it must be seen. The auctioneer himself is a wonder and an amazement to a contemplative mind, searching for the marvelous in human kind. There he stands or rather sways to and fro over piles of the weed; coat off, sleeves rolled up to the elbow; collar wide open; hat thrown back; every vein and artery and nerve at its utmost tension and his voluble tongue, apparently *frazzled at the end*, rattling off words, no not words, but jargonic utterances and incomprehensible sounds well enough understood no doubt by the initiated buyers, but wholly Chocktawish and Cherokeeish to the mere spectator of the strange scene. You ask a friend at your side "What *does* he say?" Say! "Heaven knows for I don't," groans he, vainly trying to catch something intelligible from the lips of the man. But all in vain. And thus goes on the sales from pile to pile and from warehouse to warehouse till all is sold. But more anon. EIGHT.

Said Jones: "Fred Grant won't have so soft a thing as he has had." "I don't know," replied Robinson, "he'll have a soft thing so long as he keeps cool and doesn't lose lose his head."

Gubernatorial Correspondence.

DR. GRISSOM NEGATIVES NUMEROUS APPLICATIONS.

OXFORD, June 16th, 1880.

Dr. Eugene Grissom, Raleigh, N. C.

DEAR SIR: In accordance with the suggestion of many friends, I desire to convey to you their earnest request that you would allow your name to be presented to the State Convention shortly to assemble, for nomination as a candidate for Governor. We are aware of the fact that you have heretofore declined all offers of political promotion; but we are now earnest in the expression of the wish of many Republicans, and of many good men irrespective of party ties, that you should accept the responsibility of leading to victory the voters who demand a change in our State administration.

I trust you will fully appreciate the confidence of the people of your native county, which I can assure you I fully represent, in this earnest appeal.

Please reply, and believe me, as ever,

Your friend,

R. W. LASSITER.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 19th, 1880.

R. W. Lassiter, Esq., Oxford, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—I am in receipt of your esteemed favor, in which you ask me to permit the use of my name in the approaching State Convention. Your kind allusion to the sentiments of the people of the county of my nativity and early association is fully appreciated. I remember their kindness with gratitude; but I feel assured that the warmest friend could not find it in his heart to press me to enter political life, if he fully understood the circumstances which surround my position.

I will not affect to deny, as you intimate, that repeated chances of political elevation have, with unmerited favor, been suggested by those for whom I have regard and consideration. But I must repeat what I have often declared, that from the time when the care of the unfortunate insane in the State was assigned to me, I have had no other ambition than to do my duty in the line of my professional labor.

If it may be proper in any man to claim a special sphere of duty to his people, *mine*, if in any capacity, is that to which the best years of my life have been devoted, the endeavor to restore her stricken citizens to their useful avocations and happy homes. I have no loftier aspiration than to be the minister of charity, and charity like justice withdraws her robes from the waters of strife. Never have I broken my original resolution that so long as my post of duty was the superintendence of this institution, to its interests alone, regardless of political considerations, my efforts should be sacredly directed.

Pardon me, if I repeat that to my mind, this is the trust from the people of North Carolina, which I have alone to consider. With this trust I am content, and cannot consent to be a candidate for office. Sincerely thanking the generous friends whom you represent, and with assurances of high regard, I am,

Yours truly,

EUGENE GRISSOM.

The Late Colonel Frank Little.

[From the Charlotte Observer, 18th.]

The Alumni Association of Davidson College met on Wednesday afternoon. After the meeting was called to order, F. B. McDowell, the president, arose and said: Before proceeding with the regular business for which we are called together, I crave your indulgence for a few remarks that I deem eminently right and proper on this occasion. My friends, since our last annual meeting death has entered our household. It has stricken from the roll of our brotherhood one of our most active, influential and beloved members—B. F. Little. That genial companion, honored alumnus and splendid specimen of Carolina manhood will never meet with us again in this life.

Character, gentlemen, is built in a manner like the polyps form the coral reefs of the ocean, by slow degrees and steady work. Each day or particle goes to make up the entirety, until it resembles a miniature mountain of singular transparency and beauty, in striking contrast with the dark waters around and beyond. The memory of Frank Little stands out as a graceful column, symmetrical in its parts, unmarred and unbroken by the conflicts of war through which he passed, and unscarred by the more dangerous and subtle shafts of envy in time of peace. Gifted with a strong intellect and possessed of a mind well stored with useful knowledge and a character well-poised and rounded in all its contours and proportions, the deceased could be compared to the rough granite that upholds the massive superstructure of government, rather than the polished marble used to ornament and adorn. Brave, high-toned and chivalric, he combined the gentleness of woman and the firmness of man. Liberal-minded, public-spirited and patriotic, he commanded a very powerful influence in the section and community in which he lived. Modest and retiring in his manners and disposition, he preferred the quietude of his friends and family circle, to the excitement of political life, which he was so often pressed by his friends to enter. Many graduates have gone out from these walls, but none ever went to his long home with a reputation freer from stain or more generally mourned by relatives and friends. His loss is felt by his family; it is felt by this institution; it is felt by the State. A tree laden with fruit, pleasing to the eye and pleasant to the taste, was growing along by the highway of life: Many a weary traveller had reposed under its shade and many that were foot sore and heavy laden, had plucked the fruit and appeased their hunger. While yet in his prime, the envious and mysterious woodman laid the cruel axe at the root, and the strong tree sickened, languished and died. No better or more fitting eulogy can be paid a man than to say he was a provident husband, a kind parent, a conscientious man and a Christian gentleman. That was the character and such the standing of Col. B. Frank Little.

On motion of Dr. E. Nye Hutchison, of Charlotte, seconded by Rev. Malcom McCoy, of Georgia, the remarks of Mr. McDowell were adopted as the sentiments of the association, by a rising vote, every member rising simultaneously to his feet. The meeting then adjourned till 6 o'clock out of respect to the deceased.

Gov. Seymour Talks Again.

[Special to N. Y. Herald, 19th.]

ELMIRA, June 18.— * * * The ex-Governor has just passed his seventieth birthday, which came in May last. Slightly above the average height, his form is as erect and firm as that of one in the full vigor of manhood; his eyes are a beautiful hazel brown, and are bright and undimmed. The peculiarly benevolent, yet strong and manly expression of his features is well known to all who have looked upon them.

WILL NOT BE A CANDIDATE.

In regard to the Democratic nomination for the Presidency, in connection with which his name has been frequently mentioned, especially within the past few days, he reiterated in the most decided terms that under no circumstances would he accept the nomination. If by any possibility he should be made the nominee in spite of all that he had said and written he should firmly and absolutely refuse the candidacy; he said:—

"At the Convention of 1868, after a long and wearisome session of a week's duration, when both the delegates and myself were physically exhausted, in a moment of foolish weakness I was made the candidate of the party for the Presidency. In a moment of foolishness and weakness I consented to accept the nomination. I was defeated, as was inevitable. Had I been elected I would have been in the position of Andrew Johnson. A large majority of both houses of Congress would have been opposed to me, and my hands would have been tied. The man to have been nominated was Chief Justice Chase. Then the Democracy could have gone before the country demanding that the government of force give way to the government of law. It could have said, we have nominated a man who is not of our party; we ask the support of all classes of citizens in an effort to bring the country back to the old time methods of constitutional government. The result would probably have been the election of Mr. Chase. At any rate it would have brought a large number of the best class of citizens under the banner of the Democratic party. Should the Convention at Cincinnati be foolish and weak enough to repeat the mistake of 1868—I think there is no reason to fear that it will—I should not be so foolish and weak as to repeat my former error. I cannot and will not revoke my decision.

A FAVORABLE OUTLOOK.

"I think that all the signs are favorable for wise action on the part of the Convention at Cincinnati. The delegates go to the Convention unpledged for the most part. They will choose for the nominee that man whom, in their wisdom, they deem to be the strongest candidate."

EVIDENTLY DETERMINED.

Not only from the words, but from the manner of Governor Seymour, it was forcibly impressed upon your representative that he would under no circumstances accept the nomination. His sentences bore conviction with them; there was no half-heartedness about them. He seemed impressed with the idea that he would not be able to live through the excitement of a canvass and the consequent incessant labor if elected. He cited Presidents Harrison and Taylor as examples of old men who had been unable to endure the strain which the Presidency put upon them, and said that he had no wish to follow in their footsteps to the grave.

MR. SEYMOUR ON MR. TILDEN.

In the course of the conversation Gov. Seymour expressed the highest personal regard for Mr. Tilden, whom he considered a man of wonderful ability and talent, and who, by his administration as Governor of the State, had done remarkably effective service to the people of the Commonwealth. He said that they were friends of long standing, and while he had not seen Mr. Tilden recently it had not been on account of any falling off in esteem. He thought it proper and right that if Mr. Tilden desired the nomination he should receive the support of the New York delegation. It was also proper and right that the National Convention should carefully consider whether he was the strongest candidate. If Mr. Tilden was not nominated, out of respect for him the candidate should be taken from some other State than New York. This much, at least, is due to Mr. Tilden from the Convention.

GREENBACK AND SOCIAL "ISMS."

Speaking of the greenback party and the socialistic movement, Governor Seymour thought that movements of this kind were in the end beneficial to the country because they serve to set the people thinking and resulted in making all classes of citizens better informed upon subjects connected with the country's welfare. The discussion resulted in renewed respect for law and order, and made prominent the necessity for obeying the laws, which are designed for the benefit of the whole people. Laws should be shaped and modified according to the character of the people for whom they are designed and the spirit of the age. Thus in a community composed of Indians or Africans he would favor the hanging of men who sold liquor, while in more highly civilized communities sumptuary laws were to be avoided. Virtue is never acquired under restraint, and the saying that there can be no virtue where there is no temptation is substantially true.

GARFIELDISMS:—

The stories of Garfield's boyhood multiply. The steersman of the canal-boat whose horse-power Garfield managed, was found the other day at Cleveland, and, being asked what kind of a boy James was, said: "Well, I don't think he was any worse than common boys."

On one occasion the Confederate and Union armies were drawn up in battle array. "Stop a moment," said the leader of the former, stepping to the front and speaking through a trumpet: "If James A. Garfield occupies a position in the opposing lines I'll give him a house and lot if he'll come over and fight on my side." "Is there a carriage-house attached to the premises?" inquired Mr. Garfield after a brief pause. The reply was "N-no." "Very well," said Mr. Garfield, rising in his stirrups: "then I spurn your base offer and will immediately proceed to knock thunder out of you." The two armies came together, and in a few minutes Mr. Garfield exhibited the head of the Confederate leader on the point of a fence-rail. "May this," he said, wiping the blood from his sword with the leaf of a burdock; "may this ever be the fate of tyrants!"

Cincinnati.

[Special to the Baltimore Sun, 21st.]

CINCINNATI, O., June 20.—There is no crowd, no rush, no wrangling, and no drinking to speak of. Those who are here, delegates and visitors, have no government commissions in their pockets. They are, with few exceptions, paying their own expenses. They do not look upon the occasion as a frolic or as a contest for supremacy between the personal adherents of two or three men, but they view it as a serious and momentous business, calculated in its results to affect for a long time to come the future not only of a great party, but the welfare of the whole people. Mr. Seymour's declination and Mr. Tilden's withdrawal both seem now to be accepted as an absolute and final removal of those two gentlemen from the presidential arena.

Taking the expressions of the whole membership of the convention, and of the leaders of the party who are here as advisory counsel, the warmest admiration, just as in 1876 at St. Louis, is expressed for Mr. Bayard, and if sentiment were to rule there could not be the least doubt of his nomination. But the demand is for availability above everything else, and this is construed as taking Mr. Bayard out of the list of strong candidates.

The friends of Judge Field are perhaps more on the alert, so far as surface indications show, than the friends of any other candidate. They claim a large support from the Pacific coast and the Northwest, with a good sprinkling of Southern delegates, and have been directing their labors principally among the Southern delegations.

There is some effort for Hugh J. Jewett, who, it is generally conceded, would make a good candidate, but it is not concentrated, and it is not yet developed that his support is likely to be of a commanding character.

Leading members of the New York delegation, including friends of Mr. Tilden, incline to Henry B. Payne, and they have been in negotiation all day with the Ohio delegation with a view to ascertain whether that delegation will not, after one or two ballots, leave Thurman and cast their votes for Payne. These negotiations are said to have a fair promise of success, and if they should be prosecuted to a favorable termination, would have the effect to make Mr. Payne a very formidable candidate before the convention.

Ex.-Governor English, of Connecticut, Governor McClellan, and one or two others are thought by friends to be possible "dark horses."

The fact that Indiana after all is to hold its State election in October brings candidates from that State more prominently into mention. Hendricks does not seem to have as many friends as he might have had. The main reason is that many think he and Tilden should not be separated.

Speaker Randall's quarters at the St. Nicholas have been the scene of great activity during the entire day, and he is now fairly on the track as a candidate. Ex-Sheriff O'Brien, of New York, member of the present House of Representatives, said to-day that the Randall programme would be arranged by to-night, and that the Speaker's friends would make a hopeful fight for him.

The break up of the Tilden organization has so far been unattended with any of the usual panic of such occasions. The Tilden men are simply drifting apart in large and compact segments, Mr. Payne apparently being so far the heir of the major portion of the wreck.

Senator Lamar, Wade Hampton and August Belmont are busy among the Southern delegations to-night on behalf of Mr. Bayard. Belmont says Bayard can carry New York. Senator Jonas is here with the Louisiana delegation running the Hancock boom, which is not, however, very strong.

Since Mr. Tilden's letter has been made known there appears to be a revulsion of feeling in his favor among the more emotional delegates, but it does not seem very serious.

Gov. Hampton has a personal letter from Mr. Seymour, stating that under no circumstances will he be a candidate.

[Telegram to the New York Herald.]

CINCINNATI, June 20.—The *Enquirer* of this morning says its editor has received a personal dispatch from Horatio Seymour, and that it violates no confidence in printing the following extract:—"I cannot accept the nomination if it is made, under any circumstances. I am not able to do the duties of any office. I hope my name will not be presented at Cincinnati in any way. I have never said I would accept a nomination, nor have I knowingly intimated I would. I rely upon you to set me right with the delegates."

AND STILL HE MAY.

The *Enquirer* will to-morrow print a double-leaded article, making the important announcement that if the National Convention will fulfil the duty of nominating Horatio Seymour for the Presidency that there is the highest authority for saying Mr. Seymour's position is unequivocally that the Presidency is neither to be sought nor declined.

Meantime it is by no means certain that Seymour could count on the entire New York delegation.

WAIF:—

Editors well equipped with waste baskets generally have the advantage of poets, but not always. In an unguarded moment the Kentucky Editorial Association invited one of the numerous "poetesses" of that State to read a poem on the occasion of its recent annual meeting, and when she got its members securely seated before her she settled accounts with them by firing off a poetical effusion nearly as long as Milton's Paradise Lost. They'll know better next time.

A contributor to the Birmingham (England) *Post* gives his experience of the Chapel in Cannon street, London. He says: "There used to be an early morning prayer meeting; years ago it was well attended, but dwindled down gradually. I had not been for years, when one Sunday morning I thought I would visit the old spot. There were few there, but they received me with a welcome. One old man was called upon to pray, when, after praying for many things and at most of us, he said: 'O Lord, I am glad Thou hast opened a place for Thy worship at Harborne on a Wednesday night. Lord, prosper Thy work. Lord, Thou knowest I should like to be there; but Thou knowest that I have to go to be shaved on that night, else, Lord, I should be there.'"

What we Spend.

[Special to New York Herald, 18th.]

WASHINGTON, June 17, 1880.—The following is a complete summary statement of the appropriations made by Congress in the thirteen regular annual appropriation bills and the various deficiency bills that became laws during the session:—

Regular annual pension bill	$32,404,000
Pension deficiency	9,322,999
Post office appropriation	39,093,420
Post office deficiency	1,250,000
Military Academy	316,294
Fortifications	550,000
Consular and diplomatic	1,184,135
Navy	14,405,797
Army	26,425,800
Indian	4,656,314
Indian deficiency	135,000
Legislative, executive and judicial	16,274,220
Sundry civil	22,723,827
River and harbor	8,929,500
District of Columbia	1,714,498
Agricultural	253,300
Regular deficiency bill	4,577,000
Printing deficiency	350,000
House and Senate contingent fund deficiencies	39,012
Miscellaneous (estimate)	2,400,000
Total	$186,805,058

The "miscellaneous" estimate includes $1,095,000 appropriated for the construction of public buildings at Baltimore, Cleveland, Toledo, and other cities not provided for in the Sundry Civil Bill; $200,000 for new military posts, about $400,000 for war claims of loyal citizens in the border and Southern States, $100,000 to carry into effect the French Treaty, $125,000 for the Yorktown monument and centennial celebration, $75,000 to provide a site for the Naval Observatory and about $100,000 for additional clerks to settle pension claims. The department estimates upon which the appropriations were based aggregated, in round numbers, $193,000,000.

The Man in the Gallery.

[From the Chicago Free Lance, June 12.]

It will be remembered that, in his speech nominating Sherman at the convention Gen. Garfield, after delivering an appropriate eulogy upon that candidate, said "Who do you want?" Whereupon a voice in the gallery shouted "Garfield."

That unknown man called upon the General on Tuesday afternoon, just as the future President was washing his hands to prepare for a general shake. He was a one-armed soldier, and rather seedy in his makeup.

Said he, "Gen. Garfield, I come to offer my congratulations."

"Thanks, thanks," said the General "let me see, weren't you in the Forty-second Ohio—?"

"No, General, that's not it. Didn't you hear that voice in the gallery when you said, 'who do you want?' I'm the fellow that said it. I was for you first last and all the time.

"You are a prophetic soul," said the General, "and if I come to the White House depend upon it I shan't forget you."

And the one-armed man left his name on a card and went away happy.

In a few minutes Garfield was surrounded by his friends, and his right hand was going like a pump-handle, when a burly Teuton pressed forward and accosted him:

"Guten abend, General, I dinks I have some glaims on you anyhow."

"I am at your service, my good friend," said the General. "Let me hear from you."

"Did you hear dot man shoud out in de gallery 'Garfield' when you say 'Wa haben sie?'"

"Ah, yes, I remember it well. Do you mean to tell me——"

"Yah, General, I vas dot man, identical zame."

"My friend, I shall never forget you as long as I live. Let me hear from you any time."

And the man went away happy.

Passing through the rotunda on his way to the carriage, the General felt a thundering slap on his back, midway between his shoulders and hips, accompanied with familar, "Hillo, old Gar."

Turning round he saw before him a very little man, with a very tall hat, and a very thick stick in his fist.

"Don't remember me, eh? I'm called the boss interviewer of Chicago. I interviewed old Cook, and you too, and——"

"Ah, yes. Well, good-day, good-day."

"Hold on, old fellow," said the little chap; "I want to have just a word with you on my own hook. Didn't you hear that fellow up in the gallery when you made your Sherman speech shout 'Garfield?'"

"I did; I did. Do you mean to say—"

"Guess I fixed you that time, old man. I knew it was bound to go that way. Now, I consider I am the man who saved the Republican party."

"My dear, good little fellow," said Garfield, "you deserve the thanks of the nation. I shall give you a new club. Come down and see me in Ohio, and I'll tell you all about the new Cabinet. Perhaps you'll be in it."

And the little man went away happy.

Just as the General was boarding the train, a bottle-nosed politician from the seventh ward plucked him by the coat-tail and shricked, "General, General, one word—only one word."

"What is it, my man?"

"Do you remember when you made your speech in the convention nominating Sherman that a man up in the gallery shouted 'Garfield?'"

The General is not a profane man. He was once a minister of the Gospel, but he was also at one time of his life a canal-boatman. Early habits of thought and expression are never completely eradicated, and the future occupant of the White House startled some of his friends in the car as he threw himself into a seat and exclaimed:

"D—n that man in the gallery."

Said Justice Moses; "Pat Quirls, sure your're here again for disturbing the peace you've been raising a row in your family and I'll"—

"Howld on, Yer Honor. I acknowledge I was wrong. Nobody knows it better than meself an' nobody could be more repintant than I am. Why, Yer Honor, even before the officer came for me I felt so bad wid meself that I broke me bottle, sir—smashed it into more than a thousand pieces."

Said Judge Moses: "But you didn't smash it while there was a drop of whiskey left in it?"

Pat drew a grin that reached half way up to his left ear, twirled his hat, shrugged his shoulders and said: "Ah, Yer Honor's a schly dog!"

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

TUESDAY.....JUNE 22, 1880.

To Our City Subscribers.

Mr. T. L. BEACHAM has been placed in charge of the subscription list and delivery of the papers in Raleigh, and will attend to canvassing and collecting for the same. Every subscriber will have the paper delivered before 7 o'clock each morning.

The Weather Yesterday.

Taken from W. H & R. S. Tucker's registered thermometer, Monday, June 21, 1880:—

6 o'clock, a. m.,	72	3 o'clock, p. m.,	89
9 " "	78	6 " "	87
12 " m.	85		

The Weather To-Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—The indications for the South Atlantic States are as follows: Partly cloudy weather and possibly occasional rains, variable winds, and nearly stationary temperature and barometer.

Index to New Advertisements.

Cuticura.
Sozodont.
Tutt's Liver Pills.
This Office—Stray Cow.
T. L. Love—Houses for sale.
A. W. Fraps—Tom Cooper's Laurel Valley Centennial Old Rye and Wheat Whisky.

CITY AND COUNTY ITEMS:—

To-day is the longest day in the year.

Internal Revenue receipts $1,285.40.

Manteo Lodge I. O. O. F. meets to-night.

Watermelons all the way from Augusta were for sale here yesterday.

$17,200 old bonds received for exchange, was the crop at the Capitol yesterday.

There will be a meeting of the Raleigh Light Infantry at the armory to-night. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

T. P. Devereux, Esq., left for Charlotte last evening to attend a meeting of the King's Mountain Centennial Commission.

A negro girl broke through the sidewalk over the cellar of the State National Bank yesterday morning. Weight not stated.

The county schoo! Examiner leaves this week to attend the Normal School. He will be in Raleigh the 1st and 3d Saturdays of July to examine applicants for teachers' certificates.

A runaway team started at Ellington, Royster & Co.'s shops yesterday and ran up to the corner of Morgan and Salisbury streets where they stopped, after breaking the wagon to pieces.

Mr. Jno. T. Pullen won the badge of the Carolina Rifle Club yesterday, with a score of 40, and now wears both marksmen's badges, having won that of the Raleigh Gun Club with a score of 19 out of 20.

We are requested to announce that the railroad tickets will be sold to delegates to the Republican Convention on the 7th July at the same rates as were given to delegates to the recent Democratic Convention.

Magistrates and members of the Legislature are requested to call at the office of the Register of Deeds for the copies of the Acts and Journals to which they are by law entitled. The Register requests us to say that he has no extra copies for distribution.

No 1 of the third volume of St. Mary's Muse comes to us greatly enlarged and improved. This periodical is edited by the literary societies of St. Mary's School under the patronage of Mrs. Kate DeR. Meares, the lady principal, and we find it very interesting.

The new hotel at Morehead City opened yesterday. This gives to Beaufort harbor a first-class hotel, a thing which it only needed to make it the best sea-side summer resort on the Atlantic coast. And this hotel too is as safe from storms as if it were in Asheville.

The jail came out even yesterday. Phil. Perry was released on bail, Laura Lewis was surrendered by her bail but gave a new bond and went on her way rejoicing. Margeret Blake and Charles Walton kept the jail list up to its complement, they being put in thirty days for an affray.

Mr. Jno. Block has a package directed to him in care of Hon. C. W. Grandy, Elizabeth City, N. C., which will remain until a cent more of postage is paid on it and Miss Jeudia Narville has a letter directed to her all over Pitt, which the chances are against her ever knowing anything about beyond this notice unless the direction is supplemented with some particular post-office.

Few men can be delegates to a political Convention especially such a Convention as met in Raleigh last Thursday and remain uncommitted after the nominations have been made and the Convention adjourned, but this feat hitherto deemed impossible has been performed. Last Wednesday a delegate from one of the eastern counties registered at the Yarborough House. On his way up he had carefully abstained from expressing a preference for any of the candidates but had enthusiastically drunk the health of each one as it was proposed. On his arrival at Raleigh, he manifested a strong desire to make the health of the candidates as robust as possible and to this end poured out many libations. Having done this he retired to bed full of joyful anticipations of the morrow and of various other things. *Friday* morning he came down bright and early. His first query was, "well, have they decided where to hold the Convention." After some time he realized that the work was over and the whisky supply s..nt off. A deep sadness seemed to overshadow his face. He turned away without speaking, and to this day no one knows for whom that vote would have been cast if cast.

THE COTTON MOVEMENT IN RALEIGH.—Receipts for the week 193 bales; receipts for the same week last year 92; increase for the week 101 bales. The total receipts to date 48,726 bales; the total receipts to same time last year 46,031 bales; increase to date 2,695.

RESPITED.—Application having been to-day made for the commutation of the death sentence of Alex. Howard who was to be hanged in Goldsboro, Friday the 25th, he has been respited to July 9th, to give the Governor time to examine the case.

AMONG OUR CHURCHES—PERSON ST. METHODIST.—There was no Sunday-school at this church on Sunday morning on account of the burial of Mr. Anderson Glenn.

Mr. Smith in the morning preached an eloquent sermon on the subject of Christian Assurance. The usual night services were omitted, in order that the members of this church might attend the Young Men's Christian Association at the First Baptist Church.

SWAIN STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.—One hundred and ninety-nine scholars and teachers were present in the Sunday-school; half hour before opening was spent in a song service; after half hour with the classes, a review of the quarter's lessons was had from the desk, made specially interesting with the black board and songs at intervals. Mr. Walter Wyatt, from Hamlet, a former member of the school, was present, and made remarks. At 11 o'clock pastor Gwaltney preached from the text: "The Kingdom of heaven is like unto treasure hid in a field; the which when a man hath found, he hideth, and for joy thereof goeth and selleth all that he hath and buyeth that field."—Matt. 13:44. Two persons were received into the church by letter. At night the pastor preached from a part of the 5th verse of the 15th Psalm: "He that doeth these things shall never be moved," and using the whole Psalm in showing the character of the true citizen of heaven. One received by letter and three by baptism administered after the sermon.

First Presbyterian Church, Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.; present 116, exclusive of visitors, two of whom took part in the services, viz: Jno. A. Ramsay and R. M. Davis both of Salisbury, N. C. Regular Church services were conducted at 11 a. m. by the pastor Rev. J. S. Watkins, on the text in 4th of 2d Cor. 18th verse: "While we look not at the things that are seen, &c," showing the necessity of cultivating spiritual vision. Services were omitted in the evening on account of the mass meeting in the interests of the Y. M. C. A. held in the Salisbury Street Baptist Church.

Y. M. C. A.—The convention of the Young Men's Christian Association adjourned on Saturday evening at 10 o'clock.

On Sunday a. m. at 8 o'clock a consecration meeting was held in the Association's hall, conducted by Mr. E. W. Watkins of New York. At 2½ o'clock the delegates with a few visitors met at the State Penitentiary for services with the Sunday School there. It being the quarterly review some seven of the visiting delegates made excellent talks upon as many lessons of the past quarter. The addresses and prayers offered with the soul stiring music of the convicts made an interesting occasion. The officers speak in the highest terms of the good accomplished among the prisoners by the school which is under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. with A. M. McPheeters Esq. as Superintendent.

In the evening at 8 30 a mass meeting was held in the First Baptist Church attended by a very large audience.

Addresses were made by Dr. Skinner, Rev. Mr. Black, Rev. Mr. Watkins, Mr. R. M. Davis of Salisbury and Mr. E. W. Watkins of New York.

The addresses left on the minds of the audience the well grounded conviction that a good work was being accomplished. During the services the leader requested that the song, "O, Where is My Boy To-Night," should be sung, and this piece was beautifully rendered by Miss Feldt and the choir.

The delegates and ministers stood by request at the conclusion when the hymn "Blest be the tie that binds," was sung, after which the congregation rose and sung two verses of "Shall we gather at the river.' The services partook of the nature of a farewell meeting.

RACING NOTES.—One Dime, Wanderer's oldest son, won the mile-and-a-quarter race at Chicago, beating the hitherto unconquered five-year-old Long Taw, and was sold for $5,000. Wanderer is another half-brother of Austral.

Brambaletta has added her name to the list of two-year-old winners of all aged stakes, beating the Leamington crack, Harold, at Coney Island. She is a full sister to Bramble and bids fair to eclipse her big brother.

The trotting horse Lew Scott fell dead on the track at Bradford, Pa., yesterday. He had a record of 2:23, had trotted 120 heats under 2:30 and was valued at $6.000.

JUSTICE'S COURT.—Justice Barbee had David Warren and wife, Lizzie Warren, before him on yesterday for assault upon Mrs. Harriet Warren and upon a warrant to keep the peace toward Harriet Warren. The defendants were required to furnish sureties to keep the peace, and were fined a penny and costs for the assault. Messrs. R. G. Lewis & Son represented the defendants and Mr. J. C. L. Harris the prosecution.

Other warrants against parties for disturbing the peace and for disturbing religious worship were issued and will be heard to-day.

FUNERAL OF MR. GLENN.—The funeral services of Mr. Anderson Glenn at the Person street Methodist church Sunday morning were largely attended. The two lodges of Good Templars attended in procession. After services at the church the procession marched to the city cemetery where the remains were interred, Messrs. E. A. Johnson, L. N. Keith, I. Rogers, S. M. Parish, W. G. McMillan and Geo. Fleming, acting as pall-bearers.

A GROWING PEST.—Our sidewalks, our garden fences and our streets are infested with the Canada thistle. It is spreading every year and should be checked, and now is the time to do it. It can be done more cheaply and effectually now than ever hereafter, and we call the attention of our city authorities to the matter. It will be too late after the plant has bloomed. Destroy it now and save future trouble.

HOW WE ARE MADE UP.—One census reporter in Raleigh has on his lists natives of England, France, Russia, Prussia, Poland, Greece, Scotland, Denmark, Nova Scotia, Ireland, Wales, South Africa and Rhamkatte.

THE GRADED SCHOOL.—Capt. Dugger reports total enrollment of the Graded School for the year 726; deaths 4. Not absent during the year, Rufus Perry, Essie Starke and Kate Settle McDonald.

SUPREME COURT.—Court opened at 10 o'clock a. m. yesterday. All the Justices were present.

The consideration of appeals from the Second District was resumed and causes were disposed of as follows:

J. O. Heptinstall vs. Charlotte Medlin et als., from Halifax; argued by R. O. Burton, Jr., for the plaintiff, and Day & Zollicoffer and J. B. Batchelor for the defendants.

Pending the argument in the above cause Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this (Tuesday) morning, when appeals from the Second District will be resumed.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

Filed Monday, June 21, 1880.

By SMITH, C. J.:—

Sanderson vs. Daily; Pasquotank. Affirmed.

Where the decision of a court affects a substantive right and is reviewable on appeal and the party against whom the decision is acquiesces, the decision is final as to the matters decided. Petitions to revive a dormant judgment are in substance and effect new actions and must be governed by the same rules. It is unnecessary to ask a stay of action in a suit pending a petition for discharge in bankruptcy in order that the discharge may be pleaded where subsequent proceedings are instituted to revive the debt.

By ASHE, J.:—

Powers vs. Kite; Currituck. Affirmed.

A brother or sister born in wedlock is heir at law to an illegitimate brother or sister, born of the body of the same mother, who dies intestate and without issue.

By DILLARD, J.:—

Luton vs. Wilcox, administrator; Pasquotank. Reversed.

Where a guardian having mismanaged the funds of his ward resigns and another guardian is appointed, and the second guardian does not proceed against his predecessor for such mismanagement, a receipt in full from the second guardian is no bar to a suit by the ward.

A fruitless judgment against the second guardian will not defeat an action against the first guardian who committed the breach of duty complained of.

A finding by a jury that at the time of compromising certain bonds by a guardian, the parties to the bonds were good for a larger per centage than the compromise, does not imply negligence. An issue must be submitted and found against the guardian, as to his diligence and good faith in making such compromise before judgment can be rendered against him.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Yesterday at the Mayor's court was a most refreshing season. Whisky accounted for eight cases divided as follows: Three drunk and down Saturday night, three plain drunks Sunday, one drunk and disorderly and one chronic drunk. The drunk and downs got twelve hours each in the guard-house, the plain and disorderly drunks were fined $7.25 each, and the chronic drunk was sent to jail for ten days as a nuisance. The parties to two cases of affray were fined $7.25 each and three cases of the same kind were continued until to-morrow. One case of larceny was sent on to court. A small boy for being disorderly was rewarded with forty stripes save one, laid on by his daddy in the guard-house. This finished the docket and the court adjourned.

GRADED SCHOOL NOTES:—

Raleigh, June 21.—Mrs. John A McDonald has been presented with a silver pickle stand by her pupils in the Graded School as a testimonial of their love and appreciation of a most excellent teacher. Mrs. McDonald has been teaching in the Graded School since it was first organized, and her long continuance in that capacity reflects credit upon the managers of the school and the high estimate of the community of a competent and faithful instructor. At the end of the last session, just closed, there were ninety-nine scholars on her roll-book, and an average attendance during the session of seventy-five in her room. She has attended two sessions of the Normal School at Chapel Hill, and during the last session did not miss a recitation or a roll call. One who gives her undivided attention to teaching and perfecting herself in the art, as Mrs. McDonald does, cannot be too highly appreciated by the community in which she lives.

By the way, Mrs. McDonald has a daughter who has been attending the Graded School for two sessions, and has not missed a school day during that time. Good scholar, and the Colonel is proud of her. Little Katie Settle, named in honor of Judge Settle, of Florida, is another chip of the old block. T.

MUSIC.—During the Convention of the Y. M. C. A. the topic, "Music in Association Work," was discussed, and by request Professor Bauman presented the following suggestions:—

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Young Men's Christian Association:—

One of your members requested me to say a few words on the topic No. 13: "Music in the Association, its importance and how to cultivate it." Not being in the habit of addressing public audiences I thought it best to write down a few of the thoughts this topic suggests to my mind.

Musical culture may be considered in three aspects: 1st. The training of the taste, which enables us to feel and interpret musical works. 2d. The training of the ear, which enables the mind to grasp the order and relationship of chords, phrases and periods which we hear; and lastly, the practice of some instrument, whether it be the *natural voice* or one of the numerous musical instruments. Not only is music a beautiful and sublime science, the study of which ennobles and purifies the mind of its votary, but how many and excellent are its ministries to others? It fills home with melody, it soothes the dull pains of disease; its harmonies drop through the gloom of confinement like links of sunshine, and draw us to the canopy of the free and unbounded heaven. Music is a gift from God, which seems as though it were never born of earth, but lingers with us as if from the gates of heaven; it is eminently a moral and religious agent. It touches our best feelings, rebukes our sins and confirms our virtues. It is music, so it seems to me, which would tend to draw the different members of this noble and cherished association together in kindlier feelings, and which would make your meetings more cheerful and attractive. Its "importance" therefore will hardly be questioned by any one who has the welfare of young men at heart.

And now "how to cultivate it" is the next question.

Let all the members of the association who have any musical talent whatever, both old and young, unite in a common cause and form as large a class as possible for the study and culture of *vocal music*, especially "sacred music." Let the association employ a teacher of vocal music, who has experience and ability in *just that kind of work*. Having secured the right man, give him the support and confidence of every member of the class; give him enthusiastic and studious attention and great will be the result.

The cultivation of the voice will contribute to the awakening of a soul-activity, capable of sending forth the magnetic rays which flow from the heart and captivate it. Singing the praises of our God should be the main object in the cultivation of the voice.

DEATH OF AN OLD CITIZEN:—

APEX, N. C., June 21, 1880.—On Saturday last, near Apex, Mr. Green Beckwith departed this life. He was an old and highly respected citizen and had reached about his 85th year. His funeral was preached on yesterday at his home by Revs. Johnson Olive and John Wilson. Many relatives and friends mourn his loss, but have the assurance that he is gone to rest. M. A. J.

DURHAM ITEMS:—

Durham, N. C., June 21, 1880.—Last Thursday evening Mr. Murphy's photograph tent, on a vacant lot back of the hotel, was destroyed by fire, caused from a lamp. Nearly all of his apparatus, with his stock, was either burnt or lost.

Last week some one entered the barroom on Clay street, known as "Old Chunk," by taking the glass out of the sash, and, to-day, the police have arrested a man by the name of Norment, with strong evidence against him.

Trade is very dull, so say the merchants.

What North Carolinians are Doing.

GLEANINGS FROM STATE EXCHANGES.

William Massey, of Mecklenburg, accidentally killed his wife Thursday last.

The Monroe *Express* says that the fruit crop in that section will be very good. It is glad, too, to hear from all sections of the county, very favorable reports of the growing corn and cotton crops. With fair seasons from now on, excellent crops will be made.

The Lexington *Exchange* says that the wheat crop just harvested in Davidson is said by some to be poor; by more hopeful people it is called about if not quite an average crop. Rains last week did considerable damage, but growing crops are looking well.

The Wilmington *Review* is glad to learn that Bishop Atkinson's health is greatly improved. The Bishop is now in Baltimore, where he has been for about two months, and finding himself so much better has determined to return to North Carolina very soon.

The Mooresville *Gazette* says of Iredell crops that they are "such as to cheer and gladden the hearts of the honest tillers of the soil. Cotton has been well worked, the spring having been highly favorable for cleaning, and presents a vigorous and healthy appearance. The most observant farmers say that it is from ten days to two weeks ahead of the crop at this season last year, and by the 25th inst. blooms will be abundant. Corn fields are waving in luxuriance and beauty, and other crops are in a highly satisfactory condition. The wheat crop which has just been harvested, though not coming fully up to the expectations of farmers, is good, and hopes are entertained that after the threshing is over more will have been made than is now anticipated." But Iredell has ills, too. The *Gazette* says that "violent storms of wind, rain, thunder and lightning have visited this section during the past week. The storm of the 9th inst. was especially severe, and evidences of its severity are everywhere to be seen. Fences were washed away even on highland, trees were blown down, and floods of water swept away the ploughed surface of the earth on all low grounds, and in many places on highland. Corn was damaged more, perhaps, than cotton, as the low grounds are generally planted in that cereal. The rainfall during the past ten days has been unusually great, and the weather is intensely hot."

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS:—

The government is having great success with its fish-hatching establishment at Washington. This season it has already hatched out nearly twenty million shad. Of these nearly fifteen millions have been turned into the Potomac.

It has broken out in a new place. A little black boy who held up Madame de Sagan's train the other night at the fancy-costume ball given by her in Paris has been since bought by that lady for 800 francs. The boy was brought last year from Egypt by De Sabran, who paid twenty pounds for him.

Telegrams from Cincinnati to the New York *Times* say that "nine-tenths of the delegates who reached the city Saturday morning have Seymour's name on their lips, and nothing but a refusal of the most positive and irrevocable character can prevent a heavy vote in his favor in the Convention."

Last week's weekly statement of the New York Associated Banks shows the following changes: Loans increase $6,809,400; specie increase $1,257,300; legal tenders decrease $157,000; deposits increase $6,518,300; circulation increase $12,400; reserve decrease $525,250. The banks now hold $17,247,625 in excess of legal requirements.

They have been searching the "rebel archives" at Washington, and it is telegraphed to the New York *Times* that "these secret records show that a certain prominent politician of New York, a great friend of Horatio Seymour, sent a secret communication by underground railroad to Jefferson Davis. This letter was sent a short time before the draft riots in New York. In this letter the writer said that these riots would occur, and that Mr. Seymour would arrange matters so that no State forces would be available to suppress them. 'Ten or fifteen thousand men will have to be withdrawn from the Army of the Potomac to put down these riots. Then will be your time to advance and capture Washington.' These same rebel archives contain, also, all of the papers of the organization in Indiana known as the Knights of the Golden Circle. These show Mr. Hendricks to have been a prominent officer in this most disloyal organization. Bayard's position under the records is more than a doubtful one."

Indiana will hold its State election on October 12 as in previous years, as appears by a dispatch from Indianapolis. The Supreme Court of the State on Tuesday decided that the constitutional amendment which changed the date of the State election to the date of the Presidential election had not yet been properly passed upon by the electors and must again be submitted to them. This event will intensify the political interest of the campaign by re-establishing the "October States." Ohio holds a State election on the 7th of October, and now as hitherto Indiana follows with a State election five days afterwards. This is a big Hendricks boom.

After Three Years.

[From the Statesville Landmark.]

In September, 1877, William Taylor waylaid and shot to death his father-in-law, Rufus Pritchard, on a mountain pathway above Piedmont Springs, Burke county. All the parties concerned in the transaction from first to last were poor, ignorant and immoral. The murderer was not only the son-in-law of the deceased, but by marriage the nephew, Pritchard's wife being Taylor's sister. It appears that a warrant had been issued for the arrest of the deceased on the charge of fornication and adultery with one Sarah Pritchard, his cousin, and the witnesses for the State not appearing, the township justice promised that if the deceased would leave the State (presumably for Tennessee) the matter should not come into court. This deceased promised to do that very day (Sunday), and, accompanied by his harlot, mounted on an ox and carrying the child of his adultery in his arms was on the way to Tennessee, across the mountain, when Taylor, taking a short cut, headed him near the Big Chestnut Knob in Burke, took position on a log twenty steps from the pathway, trimmed out the bushes with his knife so as to leave his range unobstructed, and quietly waited till deceased came up, when he shot him off his ox, rose and fled in plain sight of the woman, leaving his pocket knife on the ground near the place of ambush. Deceased had just before reaching the fatal spot handed the infant to his paramour, its mother.

The terror-stricken woman fled to the nearest house, told the above tale and fell exhausted to the floor. The neighbors went to the spot, found the knife and buried the body on the very top of the Big Chestnut Knob, 4,500 feet above sea level.

From that day until Sunday last, when Taylor was committed to Morganton jail, he has not been seen, save by his family, who supplied him with food from time to time, carrying the same to his various hiding places in the range of mountains between Burke and Mitchell. His wife, as we have shown, was his niece, and his mother-in-law was his sister, and these two, despite the fact that he had killed the husband of the one and the father of the other, seem never to have gone back on him. The deceased was a good soldier in the 58th North Carolina Regiment—the prisoner was too young for service during the war. Their quarrel, strange to say, arose, not from a desire to avenge the wrong done the betrayed wife, but about the cultivation of a piece of ground in corn—a mere trifle, it would seem, but the end of which was an oath on Taylor's part to kill deceased if he planted said ground, and the oath was kept according to the instincts of his rude and savage nature. Taylor's father is worth five or six thousand dollars, but lives remote from the influence of church or school. The prisoner is lean and yellow and wild-looking. His hair is long and unkempt and the crows' feet are thickly sown in his face by that tireless hand which has so long watched to grip him. In the efforts of the authorities to administer the law, but one thing was done with promptness. Gov. Vance did offer a reward of $200 for the murderer and this action of his resulted in the capture of the criminal on Sunday, the 13th inst., at sunrise, when he with two of his brothers were on the mountain, felling a bee tree, smoking out the bees and laying pound after pound of the delicious comb upon freshly-peeled sections of poplar bark. Alfred Perry, constable of Upper Creek township, with his two sons, Aleck and John, surprised the party and lodged William Taylor safely in Morganton jail. There is material in this story for the useful employment of the American Board of Foreign Missions.

No Pension Wanted.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

He didn't look a bit like a patriot as he stood rubbing his back on a corner wall, but it isn't everybody who can tell a patriot at first sight. They were talking about pensions, and all at once he woke up and said:

"Was I in the army? You bet I was! Didn't I have charge of one of the big guns in the trenches at Yorktown? Didn't I stand in the mud all day and sleep in a pond all night, and wasn't it that which twisted my legs out of shape with the rheumatics? And yet have I applied for a pension? Has any one seen me insidiously stretching forth a hand to grab at the vitals of this distressed country. Not a stretch—not a grab!"

No one had anything to say, and presently he went on:

"In the army—humph! Who saved the day at Malvern Hill? Who killed seventeen of the enemy with his own hand? Who was decorated with sixteen medals and a cross by Gen. McClellan? And yet does any assassin charge me with making midnight visits to pension agents to swear that the hardships of the tented field have left me with only one lung and no liver at all? Hang a soldier who wouldn't sacrifice his liver for his glorious country!"

He burned up five or six matches in a vain effort to light the stump of a cigar and then growled out:

"I may look seedy now, but who led the second corps at Fair Oaks? Who captured three flags from the enemy with his own hand? Who was shot in four places and left for dead? And yet do I go whining around after the financial vitals of this glorious Republic? Not a whine! When I reach out my hand and ask Uncle Sam to come down, it will be when I have forgotten the teachings of a patriotic mother and the bravery of a veteran father!"

"Were you wounded?" inquired one of the group.

"Was I? oh! no! I didn't get hit seventeen different times in three years! I am not carrying half an acre of scars down to my grave to attest my devotion to my country! And yet, what man dares charge me with a desire to skulk into the barn and rob the treasury cow of her feed—the feed she needs for her daily existence?"

"Won't you show us some of your scars?" inquired two or three at once.

"No sir! I never show 'em except at reunions! There is no reunion here. This is simply a gathering of two bummers, a politician, a lame man, a nigger, and a soldier who has been in forty-six different battles, received seventeen wounds and doesn't want a pension. You wouldn't know the scar of a cannon ball from that of an old wood-saw, and you'd go off and say I got run through a thrashing machine! I am now going inside to drink alone to the prosperity of this great and glorious Union, and it won't do any of you any good to stand around the door!"

WAIF:—

"Mother says she'd like to borrow the evening paper and a quart of strawberries for tea and a little sugar to put on 'em. 'Cause we've got company and must put on some style." "Ask the folks over, company and all. We'll read a paper flour bag and munch on crackers in the back yard. Anything to accommodate." A deadly feud dates from this simple conversation.

The other day a census-taker presents himself at a house where all is in confusion and several women are running to and fro with pieces of red flannel, camphor and the like.

"Have you any children?" says the employee to the agitated head of the household;

"I have two," replies the latter "and—as it will save you the trouble of calling 'round again—if you will have the goodness of taking a seat for a moment, I will have three—at least three."

One of those rough-clad, big-hearted miners who come into Santa Fe occasionally to lay in a supply of grub, stepped into the post-office of that town recently, and seeing in the window three letters held for postage, picked one up, and, looking at the address, said in a tone of great astonishment: "Why, this letter is for a lady in Denver!" "Yes," said the clerk. "And you are holding it here!" in a tone of greater astonishment. "Why, of course," answered the clerk, "don't you see it hasn't any postage paid?" In a tone of utter contempt for the man who would not forward a letter to a woman, paid or unpaid, the miner said; "Give me some stamps." It was done; he carefully put stamps on all the letters in the window, putting two on that of the feminine gender to make sure that it would go all right, and stalked out of the office with the concluding remark hurled at the head of the astonished Pino Pinito: "Strikes me there's some —— mean people in this town!"

City Business Items.

What a pity that the otherwise beautiful girl should have such bad teeth. And all because she did not use SOZODONT. It costs so little to buy it considering the good it does, and its benefits stretch out into her future life. Poor girl!
je22 dtaug22-wtaug10.

In regions where Liver Complaint and Bilious Diseases prevail there has been felt the need of a medicine that would act specifically on the Liver, be safe from after effects, and yet so simple that it might be used by any one. Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills supplies this want. They are prescribed by the most eminent physicians. d&w-1t

3,000 Yards Union Linen Lawns, at only 6¼ cents per yard. Just opened.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Just Received, 1,500 Yards Pure Linen LAWNS, DAMAGED, which will be sold at a price. Finest Linen Lawns we have ever shown. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

We have this morning opened the largest and best assorted stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hosiery. Beautiful fancy goods, selected during the week by one of the partners. To this line of hosiery we call the attention of ladies and families who anticipate visiting the watering places.
Also, a splendid line of Men's Half Hose. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Seventy-five cases Shoes, 11 bales Sheetings and Shirtings, 5 bales Plaids, 50 doz. Combs; 25 doz. Perfumery, 25 doz. Toilet Soap, 75 doz. Handkerchiefs, 50 doz. Boys' and Men's Suspenders, 200 Summer Coats, received to-day and for sale cheap to Merchadt's at WOOLCOTT'S Wholesale Stores, Wilmington and Hargett streets.

Family Groceries, a large and varied stock. New goods arriving daily. Strictly first-class. Fine wines, liquors and cigars. Bailey's North Carolina Corn and Rye Whiskies; the celebrated Pop-corn Whisky, eight years old. Peyton Graveley's Chewing Tobacco.
ANDREWS & FERRALL.

Ice for sale by N. A. Blake, opposite the Market. Will be delivered morning and evening by leaving orders at his ice deposit.

Special attention is called to the new and suitable Clothing for Summer wear, that we have just received several cases of These goods were bought at a close margin and will be sold at very low prices.
R. B. ANDREWS & Co.,
Clothiers and Hatters.

They are Here!—Another lot of those new patent Over-Draw Checks for Bridles, with metalic holders. We also have a nice assortment of lap dusters, scrims, hoods, nets, ear tips, and always on hand a large stock of wagon, buggy and riding whips. A good variety of harness, saddles, bridles, halters, &c., of our own manufacture. We believe in patronizing home industries, and hope our friends will encourage us by giving us orders.
E. F. WYATT & SONS,
Martin Street.

To the Members of the Convention:—While in Raleigh it will be to your interest to stop in the Hardware, Stove and House-furnishing Store of J. C. Brewster, where you will find all the novelties of the season. The celebrated XX Cot, the most comfortable bed for hot weather. Price only $2.50. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Fly Fans, Fly Traps, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, &c. Sole agent for the improved Parker Shot Gun and the celebrated Remington Rifle. A fine line sportsman's goods always on hand. Tin roofing and job work all kinds a specialty.
J. C. BREWSTER,
Holleman Building,
Raleigh, N. C.

Corned Beef.—Ferris's Fulton Market Beef and Beef Tongues. Smoked Beef sliced or shaved to order.
F. J. HARDIN.

Fine Photography—Strictly first-class. At the old Watson-Hi... lery.
L. W. ANDREWS,
Raleigh, June 15, 1880.

The Best of Plain Crackers. Lunch Milk Biscuit, 15c. per po... fresh lot just received. Also, fi... Crackers in tin and paper boxes. best 10c. Soda Cracker in the city.
E. J. H...

Why throw your old clothes Carry them to the Raleigh Dye Wo... have them dyed or cleaned to loo... Morgan street, 2 doors west Presb... Church. BROWDER & ROG... Props.

A Pleasant Retreat for Ladies and tlemen.—Moseley's Ice Cream ... where all the delicacies of the se... furnished in style to suit the most... ous. Ice Cream—can't be beat; ... Ice, Lemonade, Iced Tea. The S... kept on the European plan. La... gentlemen visiting Raleigh will do... make a note of this, as Moseley's ... place. Merchants and business men... encourage this place. Sustain it... means by sending your customers... aunts, cousins and friends to Mo... Orders solicited. Sunday orders to... on Sunday.

Kid Gloves Cleaned and Dyed beautifully at the Raleigh Dye ... Morgan street.

Gentlemens' Coats, Overcoats, Vests, &c., dyed or cleaned with... ping, at the Raleigh Dye Works, ... street, 2 doors west Presbyterian ...
BROWDER & ROG...
Dyers and Sco...

At Yeargan, Petty & Co., the g... variety and quantity and quality of l... all sizes and kinds—Huckaback, ... comb, Corrigated, Terry, Russian ... Damask, Bleached and Unbleached; ... Plaid and Plain; Table Damas... widths; Turkey Red Damasks, ... Damasks, One-half White Damasks, ... and Table Napkins to match. We ... these goods at prices that cannot ... peted with.
YEARGAN, PETTY ...

Received to-day and for sale by 100 dozen Fans, 100 dozen Shirts, ... Prints, 12 cases Boots and Shoes, ... Domestics, 700 dozen Coates' Spo... ton, at Woolcott's Wholesale and ... Stores, Hargett and Wilmington st...

Special Notices.

The Georgia Baby Bonds will be RALGINE. Neuralgine will cure Ne... and Headache. Neuralgia and He... lead to disease—disease to death. ... Go to your Druggist's and get a b... Neuralgine and be relieved. Sold by ... CUD, LEE & Co. and WM. SIMPSON.

Sufferers, Read This!—If you ... flicted with Neuralgia or Headach... can be speedily relieved by takin... specific, NEURALGINE. Speedy in ... tion, entirely free from opium and ... narcotics, it commends itself in b... innocent as efficient. Sold by ... LEE & Co. and WM SIMPSON.

Opinion of Eminent Dr. W. C... nagh, Memphis, Tenn.: For weak... tion, general debility and want of ap... I cheerfully recommend Colden's L... Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic ... :ator. Sold by Williams & Haywo...

C. T. Williams, a prominent dr... of Salisbury, ..., wrote, Jan. 22, ... "Send me one dozen Tutt's Pills, ... they prove what you claim for them ... order more." Feb. 19, he writes: ... me two dozen more of Dr. Tutt's ... Pills, by return mail. They are doing ... ders here."

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

STRAYED...

A GRADE ALDERNEY COW ... dium size. Color, reddish fa... white. One horn crumpled; lon... Where is she? Any one who know... please communicate with ...
je22-1f. THIS OFF...

FOR SALE AT A BARG...

THAT VERY DESIRABLE ... some and commodious residence ... W. Watson, situated on Newbern A... one of the principal thoroughfares ... City. All necessary outhouses, ... &c. Gas all through the house. T... water in the city. Also several othe... dences, all within three squares ... Capitol. For particulars call on ...
T. L. LOV...
je22-1m. Wilmington s...

PRESCRIPTION FR...

For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness ... Manhood, Premature Debility, Nervous ... Despondency, Confusion of Ideas, Averse ... Society, Defective Memory, and All Diso... Brought on by Secret Habits and Indis... druggist has the Ingredients. Address, ...
DR. JAQUES & CO...
120 West Sixth St., CINCINNATI, O...
je 22-to jan 26, '80

A. W. FRAP...

RALEIGH, N. C...

—AGENT FOR—

TOM COOPER...

LAUREL VALLEY

CENTENNIAL OLD ...

—AND—

Wheat Whisk...

A large lot always on hand, from t... four years old, universally acknowledged to be the

Finest Whisky made in the S...

Persons wishing STRICTLY ... SPIRITS, for medical or other pur... can get any size package, from 3 to ... lons, by addressing
T. N. COOPER,
Eagle Mills P. O...
je22 tsel. Iredell county, N...

Cuticura...

THE GREAT SKIN CU...

The Most Healing, Soothing and Re... ing External Application in the World.

It rapidly heals Ulcers, Old Sores ... Discharging Wounds; Itching Pile... other itching affections that have ... the tortures of a lifetime, thus s... ing unspeakable gratification to ... sands; Burns, Scalds, Wounds and... ter; all Itching and Scaly Eruptio... the Skin, and all Affections of the ... including Loss of Hair. Nothing li... has ever been known to the most i... gent physicians. It has swept a h... poisonous remedies out of existence, ... revolutionary in its composition and ... of treatment and succeeds in curing ... external affection. At every stage ... ably assisted by CUTICURA SOAP, wh... a part of itself medicinally and at the ... time the most delightfully fragrant a... freshing Toilet, Bath, and Nursery S... existence.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, a powerful ... fying agent and liver stimulant, s... be taken to neutralise and remove ... blood poisons, caused by the virus of ... fula, cancer, canker, malarial or conta... diseases, which maintain and foste... cases of the skin and scalp. je22 t...

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

TUESDAY.....JUNE 22, 1880.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

By Telegraph.

MARKET REPORT--NOON.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Money strong at 3. Exchange—long, 4.85½; short, 4.88. State bonds dull; Governments firm.

Cotton quiet; sales 195 bales; uplands 12; Orleans 12¼. Futures quiet and steady at the following quotations: June 11.61; July 11.63; August 11.68; September 11.11; October 10.70; November 10.58.

Flour dull and heavy. Wheat dull and heavy. Corn dull and lower. Pork firm steady at $11.90. Lard quiet at $7.27½. Spirits turpentine 28½. Rosin $1.40. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and Western super $2.75a3.50; extra $3.75a4.75; family $5.25a5.75; city mills super $3.00a3.50; extra $4.00a4.50; family $6.25a6.75; Rio brands $6.00a6.25; Patapsco family $7.10. Wheat—Southern dull; Western lower and weak; Southern red $1.18a1.23; amber $1.23a1.25; No. 2 Western winter red—spot $1.22½a1.22¾; June delivery $1.22a1.22½; July $1.11¾a1.12; August $1.08a1.08½; September $1.08a1.08¾. Corn—Southern steady; Western lower and dull; Southern white 58; yellow 54.

LIVERPOOL, June 21—Noon.—Cotton dull and easier; uplands 6 13-16; Orleans 6 15-16; receipts 13,000 bales—American 12,800; sales 7,000; for speculation and export 1,000; uplands, low middling clause, June and July delivery 6 23-32a6 11-16; July and August 6 11-16; futures very dull. Long clear middles 35; short 36s. 6d.

MARKET REPORT--MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Money 2a3. Exchange 4.85½. Government bonds firm; five per cents. 1.03½; four-and-a-half per cents, 1.09¾; four per cents 1.08¾. State bonds comparatively active.

Cotton quiet; sales 157 bales; uplands 12; Orleans 12¼; consolidated net receipts 4,602; exports to Great Britain 5,271; to continent 500; net receipts 2,502; gross receipts 3,552. Futures closed quiet but steady, with sales of 36,000 bales at the following quotations: June 11.64a11.66; July 11.66; August 11.70a11.71; September 11.12; October 10.72a10.73; November 10.58a10.59; December 10.58a10.59; January 10.66a10.68.

Flour—Southern weak and declining; common to fair extra $5.00a5.60; good to choice ditto $5.65a6.50. Wheat heavy and 1a2¼ lower, with moderate trade. Corn ½a¾c lower with moderate trade; ungraded 46¼a52¼. Oats a shade easier and quiet; No. 3, 37¼. Hops quiet, firm and in fair demand. Coffee firm; Rio 12¾a16. Sugar in fair demand and firm; centrifugal 8¼a8¾; Muscovado 7¾a7¾; fair to good refining 7¼a7¾; prime 7¾; refined, fair to good inquiry; standard "A" 9¼a10. Molasses steady and demand moderate. Rice unchanged and moderate inquiry. Rosin firm at $1.42a1.50. Spirits turpentine stronger at 29a29½. Wool dull and unchanged. Pork higher and very firm, with light trade, at $12.25; middles very strong; long clear 7¼; short 7½; long and short 7¾. Lard higher and fairly active.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—Oats dull and easy; Southern 40a42; Western white 39¼a40¼; mixed 38a39; Pennsylvania 39a41. Provisions higher and firm. Mess pork $12.25. Bulk meats—loose shoulders 4¾a5; clear ribs 7a7¼; packed 5¼a7¼. Bacon—shoulders 5¾; clear rib sides 8; hams 11¼a12½. Lard—refined tierces 8¾. Coffee quiet; Rio (cargoes), ordinary to prime 12¾a15¼. Sugar higher and strong; "A" soft 10. Whisky $1.11¼. Freights more active.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—Flour stronger; family $4.90a5.15; fancy $5.25a5.75. Wheat dull and drooping; No. 2 red winter $1.10. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 39. Oats dull and unchanged. Pork excited and higher, with $12 asked. Lard dull at $6.75a6.85. Bulk meats strong and higher; shoulders $4 50; ribs $7. Bacon active, in demand and higher; shoulders $4 50; ribs $7.00. Whisky active and firm at $1.07. Sugar firm; New Orleans 7¾a8¾. Hogs quiet; common $3.25a3.80; light $4.00a4.25; packing $3.80a4.30; butchers $4.30a4.45.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 21.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27. Rosin dull at $1.05 for strained and $1.40 for good strained. Tar firm at $2.00. Crude turpentine firm at $1.70 for yellow dip and $2.50 for virgin. Corn unchanged.

JUNE 21.—Cotton—Middling, low middling, good ordinary.—Galveston quiet at 11½, 10½, 9½, net receipts 113 bales; Norfolk dull at 11¼, net receipts 188 bales; Baltimore quiet, 11½, 11½, 10½, net receipts none; Boston quiet, 12¼, 11¼, 10½, net receipts 378 bales; Wilmington dull, 11, 10 7-16, 9½, net receipts none; Philadelphia quiet, 12¼, 11¼, 10½, net receipts 141; Savannah quiet, 11¼, 10½, 9½, net receipts 361 bales; New Orleans quiet, 11½, 11¼, 10¼, net receipts 863 bales; Mobile quiet, 11¼, 10½, 9½ net receipts 185 bales; Memphis quiet, 11¼, net receipts 71 bales; Augusta quiet, 11, 10½, 9½, net receipts 14 bales.

Financial Chronicle Market Reports.

NEW YORK, June 19, 1880.

The cotton receipts of last week were 19,870 bales; since September 1st, 4,801,566, an increase over 1879 of 386,956 bales. The exports were 24,169 bales; since September 1st, 3,602,357, an increase of 274,606 bales. The stock, 318,382 bales, an increase of of 111,190 bales. The visible supply, 2,139,466 bales, an increase of 522,318 over 1879, 244,755 over 1878, and a decrease of 321,594, from 1877. Of this supply, 1,411,566 American, of which 419,566 in the United States. The receipts at the interior ports, 5,764; an increase over 1879 of 752 bales. The interior stocks, 96,190, an increase of 66,884 bales. The plantation receipts, 1,022; in 1879, 4,065; in 1878, 4,693 bales; since September 1st, 4,890,455; in 1879, 4,438,264; in 1878, 4,237,241. The price at Liverpool on Friday was 6 13-16; in 1879, 6 15-16; in 1878, 6¼; in 1877, 6 3-16d. The growing crop made good progress last week, and its condition is regarded as very favorable.

In the New York cotton market last week speculation in futures was sluggish and fluctuations slight. The sales were 339,100 bales. Cotton on the spot was dull, and the sales for immediate delivery were 13,374 bales, of which 11,960 for export, 1,414 for consumption.

In the New York breadstuffs market last week there was but little further yielding in prices of flour, yet the tendency was downward. Stocks are light and the demand has been fair for export, with a moderate home trade. But holders are anxious, not only to effect prompt sales on arrival, but to close out stocks in store. The wheat market shows some further decline, although the export movements have continued on a large scale. Indian corn gave way slightly early in the week, but yesterday was active and buoyant for both spots and futures. Rye has been quiet, and prices were nearly nominal. Oats have been quite depressed under the large supplies.

The business in dry goods has been irregular the past week, and only moderate in volume. The late decline in cotton goods has imparted a little more animation to certain leading makes, but the demand was less spirited than expected, and buyers continued to operate very cautiously as a rule. There was a continued light movement in woolen goods from first hands, and foreign fabrics remained quiet. The jobbing trade has been fair for the time of year, and though there were comparatively few buyers in the market, jobbers effected a considerable distribution of staple and department goods in execution of orders from out-of-town retailers. Values of cotton goods were unsettled with a drooping tendency, and prices of woolen goods favored the buyer in some cases, but staple imported fabrics were held with a fair degree of firmness. The exports of domestics for the week were 2,939 packages.

In New York's general business, there was no new feature to trade in the past week. Business has gone on with scarcely a ripple. There is little speculative activity, and yet no apprehension that any material depreciation will occur in values. The weather has been very fine, and generally crop accounts are good. Surplus stocks of domestic products have been exported in large quantities, and everywhere there is a disposition to meet the demand at moderate prices. The situation may, therefore, be regarded as quite satisfactory in almost all respects. In provisions a steady and marked improvement in values has taken place. The grocery market has had a very good movement, and values show a general improvement.

Raleigh Markets.

Official Report of the Cotton Market.

REPORTED BY

THE COTTON EXCHANGE.

RALEIGH, June 21, 1880

Middling	11¼
Strict Low Middling	11¼
Low Middling	10¾
Strict Good Ordinary	
Good Ordinary	
Middling Stains	10¾
Low Middling Stains	8¾

Tone of market quiet.

City Market—Wholesale Prices.

REPORTED BY

LEN. H. ADAMS,

Official Reporters for Grocers' Exchange.

RALEIGH, June 20, 1880.

Apples, dried	$ 8 a	
Bacon, N. C., hog round	9 a	10
" " hams	12 a	13
Bulk Meats, clear rib sides	7¾a	7¾
" " shoulders	6 a	
Butter, North Carolina	20 a	30
Beeswax	18 a	20
Corn	67½a	70
Corn Meal	67½a	
Coffee, prime Rio	16 a	17
" good "	14 a	15
Chickens, Spring	20 a	25
Eggs, per dozen	15 a	17½
Flour, North Carolina	6 75 a	7 00
Molassses, Cuba	35 a	45
Oats, shelled	55 a	
Peaches, peeled	12½ a	₱ lb.
" unpeeled	7 "	8
Peas, white, per bushel	1 25 a	
" stock, "	10 0 a	
Pork, North Carolina	6 a	7
Rags, mixed	1½a	
" cotton	2½	
Sugar, white	10 a	11
" yellow	9 a	10
Syrup, S. H	25 a	28
Salt, Liverpool fine	1 70 a	
Sweet potatoes	75 a 80	
Timothy hay	1 25 a	
Irish potatoes	1 20 a	
FURS—Otter	5 00	
Mink	75	
Fox	90	
Coon	35	
Muskrat	10	
Rabbits	3	

Above are for large quantities. When small quantities are wanted higher prices will be charged.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

[From the Charlotte Observer, June 20.]

The market yesterday closed quiet; unchanged.

Good Middling	11
Middling	10¾
Strict Low Middling	10¾
Low Middling	10¾

Receipts for the day, 28 bales.

Wilmington Market.

[From the Star, June 20.]

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market quoted firm at 27 cents per gallon for regular packages. Sales of about 500 casks at quotations.

ROSIN.—The market was quoted dull at $1.05 for strained and $1.10 for good strained. No sales reported.

TAR.—The market was quoted firm at $2.00 per bbl. of 280 pounds, with sales of receipts at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was firm at $1.70 for yellow dip and $2.50 per bbl. for virgin, with sales at quotations.

COTTON.—The market was quiet without reported sales. The following were the official quotations:—

Ordinary	— cents per ₱.
Good Ordinary	9¾ " "
Strict Good Ordinary	— " "
Low Middling	10 7-16 " "
Middling	11 " "
Good Middling	11¾ " "

PEANUTS.—Small sales reported on a basis of 35@50 cents for shelling stock, 65@70 cents for ordinary, 75 cents for prime, 85 cents for extra prime, 90@95 for fancy, and $1.00@1.05 for extra fancy. Market quiet.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	31 bales.
Spirits turpentine	586 casks.
Rosin	1,544 bbls.
Tar	168 "
Crude turpentine	920 "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between J. A. Jones, A. H. Green and A. M. Powell, under the style of JONES, GREEN & POWELL, having expired by limitation, is dissolved.

The business will be continued at same place by J. A. JONES and A. M. POWELL, under the style of

JONES & POWELL,

to whom all claims should be presented. All those indebted will please make immediate settlement with JONES & POWELL,

Wholesale Grain and Forage Dealers,

ju20-tf. 47 Fayetteville St, Raleigh, N. C.

LANE, NOBLE & CO.,

FIRST-CLASS

Livery and Boarding Stables,

ON SALISBURY STREET, ADJOINING NATIONAL HOTEL.

Carriages and baggage wagons attend the arrival and departure of every train. Orders promptly attended to. je17-1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

By virtue of an Order of Sale made in the civil action entitled B. F. Moore against Albert Pharr, at the Spring Term, 1878, of the Superior Court of Wake county, I will, on

MONDAY, the 28th day of June next,

sell for CASH, at the Court House door in Raleigh, the parcel of land near the southern limits of Raleigh, lying on the Fayetteville Road, on which Albert Pharr now resides.

JOHN GATLING,

May11-6w Commissioner.

E. J. HALE & SON,

PUBLISHERS,

Booksellers and Stationers,

17 MURRAY STREET,

NEW YORK,

INVITE ORDERS FOR

BOOKS OF THEIR OWN PUBLICATION,

AND FOR ALL OTHER

SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS AND STANDARD BOOKS,

AND FOR ALL KINDS OF

STAPLE STATIONERY.

WRITING PAPERS—Cap, Letter, Note and other sizes.

BLANK BOOKS, of all grades.

ENVELOPES, of all sizes and colors and qualities.

SCHOOL SLATES, best quality, all sizes.

SLATE and LEAD PENCILS.

PENS, INKS, MUCILAGE, ETC., ETC.

Those who favor us with their orders, by mail or in person, may rely upon having them filled promptly, and at prices which we believe to be quite as low as can be had in this market. Send for Catalogue and Price List.

E. J. HALE & SON.

PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS

17 Murray Street, New York.

oct. 7, 1879 1-tf

STEAM ENGINES.

ENGINES FOR GINNI

SAW MILLS,

Mill Gearing, Horse Powers and Machinery Generally.

May 11d&wly

W. E. TANNER & CO.,

METROPOLITAN

IRON WORKS,

6th and 7th, and Canal Streets,

RICHMOND, Va.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Portable & Stationary Engines, BOILERS. SAW MILLS,

AND OTHER MACHINERY.

Our Patent Spark Extinguisher

IS THE ONLY PERFECT ONE

K. R. Baugham Rich Square, N. C., Gen'l Agent in Eastern North Carolina; A. B. Hill, Agent, Scotland Neck; W. P. Baugham, Agent, Washington, N. C.; W. A. Barber, Agent, Elenton, N. C.; Col. Jno. Ashford, Agent, Clinton, N. C.

mh31-1y-d&w.

GROCERIES.

Groceries, Groceries.

We would respectfully inform our patrons and friends, and the public generally, that we keep constantly on hand a large supply of heavy groceries and farmers supplies, consisting of

CORN,
HAY,
MEAL,
FLOUR,
SUGARS,
COFFEE,
CUBA MOLASSES,
BULK MEAT,
SALT,
LARD,
SUGAR

CURED and N. C. HAMS.
N. C. CUT HERRINGS.
PLOWS,
CASTINGS,
COTTON HOES, &c.,

Indeed everything usually kept in a wholesale grocery and supply store, which we will sell low for cash, or on

CROP TIME

when satisfactory arrangements can be made. We are also agents for Hyman's and Dancy's and Baker's Standard Ammoniated Phosphates. Persons wishing such goods will please call and see us or send their orders.

We solicit consignments of country produce, which we will sell on commission and make prompt returns.

JOHNSON & WIGGS,

Raleigh, N. C.

EDWARD J. HARDIN,

GROCER,

Fayetteville, Street, Raleigh, N. C.,

DEALER IN

FINE TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, MEATS

WINES, LIQUORS, FOREIGN ALES,

PORTERS, CANNED GOODS, FANCY GROCERIES, AND FIRST

CLASS PROVISIONS

GENERALLY.

SOLE AGENT FOR THIS MARKET FOR

Robertson County (Tenn.) Rye Whiskies.

Summerdean (Va. Valley) Rye Whisky.

The "Capadura" Half-Dime Cigar.

C. D. Boss Co.'s Lunch Milk Biscuit, the best of all plain crackers,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

Orders from a distance ACCOMPANIED BY CASH or satisfactory reference, PROMPTLY FILLED by Express or otherwise.

E. J. HARDIN.

may 24-tf

MATERIAL FOR SALE.

PRINTING MATERIAL FOR SALE.

We offer for sale, at a bargain, the Presses, Type, Stands, Stones, &c., of THE NEWS Job office, consisting of

1 Campbell Book Press in splendid order.
1 Gordon Jobber, ½ medium, good order.
1 Gordon Jobber, ¼ medium, good order.
2 Imposing Stones.
7 Double Stands.
4 Cabinets Job Type.
50 Fonts Job Type, in Cases.
Large lot Wooden Type, Borders, Rules, Leads, Chases, &c.

Will be sold separately or altogether. Terms reasonable.

Address,

EDWARDS, BROUGHTON & CO.,

MAY 26, 1880. AGENTS.

STEAM ENGINES.

NG AND THRESHING.

STATIONARY, PORTABLE,

Cheap, Safe and Durable.

Power and Hand Presses,

Unsurpassed in Speed and Effect.

Hydraulic and Screw

TOBACCO PRESSES.

Send for Circulars.

TAPPY & STEEL,

PETERSBURG, VA.

ALLEN & CRAM,

Iron and Brass Founders

AND MACHINISTS,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Manufacturers and Importers of the following goods:

ENGINES,

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY.

Cotton Gins, Power Presses, Saw and Grist Mills, Plows and Plow Castings, Machine Castings and Forgings.

THE NEW VIRGINIA FEED CUTTER.

It is simple and durable, has no gear to get out of order.

Plans and estimates made for the manufacture and arrangement of Machinery.

ALLEN & CRAM,

may 5—1y Raleigh, N. C.

Raleigh Machinery Agency

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

MACHINERY.

Good as Gold and Much Safer.

The Talbott Engines & Boilers,

BEST PAYING INVESTMENT:

THE TALBOTT MACHINERY,

Because it is always better than it is represented.

Cash buyers and men of experience always buy the Talbott Machinery, because it is the Best and Cheapest, and always gives satisfaction.

TAKE FAIR WARNING IN TIME,

And don't be deceived with cheap, inferior, misrepresented horse-powers, fancy painted machinery, and the glib arguments of Agents, (they are paid for it,) but buy from manufacturers of known integrity, responsibility and practical mechanical experience.

Talbott's Great Southern Engine

Has stood the severest tests for forty-one years, and no man of experience or responsibility has ever, or can say one word against them.

We handle all kinds of Machinery from best known manufacturers. Send to me for price list and descriptive catalogue before buying elsewhere, and save TIME, MONEY and TROUBLE.

WAYNE ALCOTT, Agt.,

july 2 '80 *RALEIGH, N. C.*

SCHOOLS.

BINGHAM SCHOOL,

MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

Established in 1793.

Is now pre-eminent among Southern Boarding Schools for boys in age, numbers and area of patronage. The 173d Session begins July 29th. For catalogue giving full particulars, address

MAJ. R. BINGHAM,

je10-6w. Superintendent.

Simonton Female College,

STATESVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL TERM OF 1880 opens Tuesday, August 25th. Board and tuition in English $85 per session of twenty weeks. Catalogue and circular with full particulars on application.

Address MRS. E. N. GRANT,

June 8—tf. Principal.

LYNCH SELECT SCHOOL,

HIGH POINT, N. C.

MAJ. W. B. LYNCH, A. M., Principal.
B. P. REID, A. B.,
A. L. PHILLIPS, A. B.

FALL SESSION BEGINS AUG. 4TH.

june20-w4w.

PATAPSCO INSTITUTE.—Mrs. Sarah N. Randolph, of Edge Hill, Virginia, Principal. This well-known School for Young Ladies and Children, will open September 15th. It offers unusual facilities for a finished education. For circulars, address the Principal, Patapsco Institute, Ellicott City, Md. je19-1m

JEWELRY,

Watches, Diamonds, Spectacles,

—AND—

Medals and Badge-Pins a Specialty.

THE largest stock of goods in the South. Solid Silver and Plated Ware. Goods sold at factory prices. Watch repairing a specialty. Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.

John H. Tyler & Co.,

Successors to MITCHELL & TYLER,

No. 1,006 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

The oldest Jewelry House in the South. sept 27—dawly.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

W. J. ELLINGTON, L. H. ROYSTER, R. F. PARKS, R. R. PINKSTON.

ELLINGTON, R OYSTER & CO.,

(ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.)

House Building of every Description a Specialty.

AMBER (KILN DRIED), LATHS, SHINGLES, SCROLL WORK, TURNING, PLANING.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

AT PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION

Estimates and Plans promptly furnished. All work guaranteed. t oct1 '80

FISHING TACKLE.

Important to Fishermen!

PRICES REDUCED ON FISHING TACKLE.

Our stock is now complete, wholesale and retail, cotton, grass, linen, raw, finished and water proof oiled cotton and silk braid lines. Don't fail to look over our stock before you purchase. We buy direct from the manufacturers and get the best and latest make, on all of which we have reduced prices. All sizes (and less than 60) of the finest English brands of Fish Hooks; also the finest American and English brands of Fish Hooks; also the finest collection of Japanese Bamboo Reed Poles ever brought to this market, and a large lot of our country reed poles, cheap gill nett and seine twine, always on hand. Small size Virginia Bacon Hams, nothing better for a hungry fisherman.

L. D. & W. R. WOMBLE,

Grocers and Leather Dealers,

may 19 to july 9 '80. corner Hargett and Wilmington Streets

HARDWARE.

SEASONABLE GOODS.

"PEERLESS" ICE CREAM FREEZERS

The Best in the World.

WATER COOLERS,
FLY TRAPS.
IMPROVED FLY FANS.

FISHING TACKLE.

Childrens' Carriages.

BEST GOODS. LOWEST PRICES.

SQUARE DEALING.

THOS. H. BRIGGS & SONS,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

HARDWARE.

jan 27 '81

Our Cotton Hoes

ARE WARRANTED

THE BEST HOES MADE!

Lasting Twice as Long as Almost any Hoe on the Market.

These celebrated Hoes are forged shank and hoe, from a solid piece of extra refined cast steel. The shank is not welded to the hoe, but solid with the blade.

These Hoes have been known in the United States for OVER FORTY YEARS. Were first introduced in North Carolina eight years ago by

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Since which time they have sold over *Two Thousand Dozen.* Each and every Hoe warranted to give satisfaction. Trade supplied.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL, Which will not explode.
THE "ALL RIGHT"—THE BEST Cook stove made.
LAFLIN & RAND GUNPOWDER, Orange Mining and Blasting Powders.
AVERELL CHEMICAL PAINTS Mixed for use.
BOLLES' COTTON & TOBACCO HOES.
THE CELEBRATED SHAPELY Steam Engine.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

WHITE PINE Sash, Doors, Blinds, &c. Full stock always on hand.
ST. LOUIS BUCK White Lead in Oil.
HORSE AND MULE SHOES Full stock always

LIME AND CEMENTS.

BLACKSMITH'S Bellows, Anvils, Vises, &c.
RIMS, SPOKES AND HUBS, Largest stock in the South.
HENRY DISSTON & SON'S Hand Saws and other Tools their make.
HARDWARE of every description.

J. C. BREWSTER,

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated XX Canvas Cot!

Better than a hammock. Can be folded or opened instantly. Is just the thing for Hotels, Offices, Cottages, Sport men, &c.

PRICES { $2.50 3.00 3.50

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

A FULL STOCK OF

REFRIGERATORS,
FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS,
FLORAL SETS,
FLOWER POTS,
FRUIT JARS, &c.

Croquet Sets from $1.00 to $2.00.

HARDWARE,
STOVES AND TINWARE,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISH, GLASS, &c., &c.

J. C. BREWSTER,

Holleman Building,

RALEIGH, N. C.

t oct 1, '80

DRUGGISTS.

TUTT'S PILLS!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

[redacted]

A Noted Divine says:

DR. TUTT:—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your Pills were recommended; I used them, and now am well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and have gained forty pounds flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. A. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a Natural Color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

je 13 daw to ap 21 '81

WM. SIMPSON,

Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

DRUGS

—AND—

Agricultural Chemicals.

Full and well assorted lines of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Field and Garden Seeds, Braces, Trusses, &c.

THE BEST VARIETIES OF

Field and Garden Seeds

JUST RECEIVED.

Fertilizers for Farmers.

Always on hand a full stock of Chemicals for the

Home Manufacture of Fertilizers,

which are offered at low prices and rank with the best artificial manures in the market. These Chemicals are pure, and after being tested by the Department of Agriculture are pronounced fully up to the highest standard.

Send for pamphlet containing formula and testimonials. may 20 '80 tf

SHIRTS.

YEARGAN, PETTY & CO.,

Alone sell this Shirt. Warranted as to fit and durability.

Have sold this shirt for ten to twelve years, and those who have tried them always call again for them.

Ladies' and Misses fine DRESS SHOES, NEWPORT TIES, SANDALS and SLIPPERS.

GENTLEMEN'S KID PUMPS, LISLE and GAUZE UNDERSHIRTS for Summer wear at a bargain.

The newest styles of Gentlemen's Collars and Cuffs always to be found at

YEARGAN, PETTY & CO.

July 1. '80

L. H. ADAMS,

"HEADQUARTERS,"

COTTON FACTOR,

Guano & Commission Merchant,

The only wholesale paper house in the State. News, Manilla, and all kinds of wrapping paper for sale. Pays highest price for good cotton rags.

Keeps a full line of Dry Goods and Groceries, such as to supply the demands of both city and country homes. je17-tjy1.

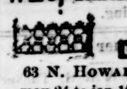
MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST.

A "RECORD BOOK," WRAPPED IN a newspaper, was mislaid on June 1st. The book may have been left in some store on Fayetteville street. A reward of FIVE DOLLARS will be paid on its delivery at THIS OFFICE.

je10 tf.

Wire, Railing and Ornamental WORKS.



DUFUR & CO.,

63 N. HOWARD STREET, BALTIMORE.

may 24 to jan 10 '81

RAILROADS.

Raleigh & Augusta Air-Line R.R.

CHANGE OF OF SCHEDULE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,

RALEIGH, N. C., May 29, 1880.

On and after Saturday, May 29, 1880, trains on the R. & A. A. L. R. R. will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

No. 1.—Leave.	P. M.	No. 2—Leave.	A. M.
Raleigh,	8:00	Hamlet,	2:30
Cary,	8:31	Hoffman,	3:14
Apex,	8:52	Keyser,	3:37
New Hill,	9:12	Blue's,	3:54
Merry Oaks,	9:32	Manly,	4:13
Moncure,	9:51	Winder,	4:37
Osgood,	10:11	Cameron,	4:56
Sanford,	10:36	Sanford,	5:41
Cameron,	11:17	Osgood,	6:02
Winder,	11:37	Moncure,	6:25
Manly,	11:58	Merry Oaks,	6:42
Blue's,	A M. 12:18	New Hill,	7:00
Keyser,	12:36	Apex,	7:23
Hoffman,	1:02	Cary,	7:59
—Arrive at—		—Arrive at—	
Hamlet,	1:45	Raleigh,	8:30

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,

RALEIGH, N. C., June 14, 1880.

On and after Monday, June 14, 1880, trains on the R. & G. R. R. will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

No. 1—Leave.	A. M	No. 2—Leave.	P. M.
Raleigh,	8 40	Weldon,	3.20
Mill Brook,	8:55	Midway,	3 35
Neuse,	9 06	Gaston,	3.51
Forestville,	9.22	Summit,	3.58
Wake,	9 26	Littleton,	4.14
Youngsville,	9 37	Brown's,	4.27
Franklinton,	9 56	Macon,	4.40
Kittrells,	10.20	Warrenton,	4.52
Henderson,	10.42	Ridgeway,	5.05
Middleburg,	10.59	Junction,	5.13
Junction,	11 10	Middleburg,	5.24
Ridgeway,	11.19	Henderson,	5.40
Warrenton,	11.33	Kittrells,	6.01
Macon,	11 45	Franklinton,	6.38
Brown's,	11.59	Youngsville,	6.55
Littleton,	P M. 12 13	Wake,	7.06
Summit,	12.29	Forestville,	7.10
Gaston,	12 38	Neuse,	7.25
Midway,	12 54	Mill Brook,	7.35
—Arrive—		—Arrive at—	
Weldon,	1.10	Raleigh,	7.50

JOHN C. WINDER,

Sup't R. & G. and R. & A. A. Railroads.

CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., May 14, 1880.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after May 18, the following schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN.

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	6:00 P M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	1:27 A M
	" at Charlotte at	7:00 A M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	7:25 P M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	12:32 A M
	" at Wilmington at	8:30 A M

No. 1 train is daily except Sunday, but makes no connection to Raleigh on Saturdays.

No. 2 train is daily except Saturdays.

SHELBY DIVISION: MAIL, FREIGHT AND PASSENGER AND EXPRESS.

No. 3.	Leave Charlotte	8:00 A M
	Arrive at Shelby	12:00 P M
No. 4	Leave Shelby	2:00 P M
	Arrive at Charlotte	6:00 P M

LOCAL FREIGHT AND ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Wilmington	6:15 A M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:40 P M
Leaves Charlotte	4:15 A M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:00 P M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:30 A M
Arrives at Charlotte	4:20 P M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:00 A M
Arrives at Wilmington	4:15 P M

These trains leave Wilmington and Charlotte Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; Laurinburg, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Close connections at Charlotte via Statesville, to all points in Western North Carolina and to Asheville. Also via Spartanburg to Hendersonville, adjacent points and Asheville.

Passengers for Asheville via either route, leaving Wilmington at 6 P M, will arrive at destination at 7 P M, next day.

Sleeping-Car accommodations on through Trains to and from Charlotte and Wilmington.

There will also be through Sleepers run to and from Raleigh and Charlotte.

V. Q JOHNSON,

my 20-tf General Superintendent.

CONDENSED TIME.

North Carolina Railroad.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, Dec. 25, 1879.	No. 47, Daily.	No. 45, Daily,	No. 6, Daily, ex. Sun.
Leave Charlotte	3 50 a m	4 10 p m	.....
Leave Salisbury	6 03 a m	5 54 p m	.....
Leave High Point	7 31 a m	7 07 p m	.....
Arrive Greensboro	8 10 a m	7 37 p m	.....
Leave Greensboro	8 20 a m	.....	5 00 p m
Arrive Hillsboro	10 23 a m	.....	10 22 p m
Arrive Durham	11 02 a m	.....	11 57 a m
Arrive Raleigh	12 20 p m	.....	3 00 a m
Leave Raleigh	3 30 "	6 00 a m	.....
Arrive Goldsboro	6 00 "	10 00 a m	.....

No. 47—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R. for all points in Western North Carolina daily except Sundays. At Greensboro with the R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West. At Goldsboro with W. & W. R. R. for Wilmington.

No. 45—Connects at Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

Date, Dec. 25, 1879.	No. 48, Daily.	No. 42, Daily.	No. 5, Daily ex. Sun.
Leave Goldsboro	10 10 a m	6 34 p m	.....
Arrive Raleigh	12 25 p m	10 45 p m	.....
Leave Raleigh	3 40 p m	.....	7 00 a m
Arrive Durham	4 52 p m	.....	9 19 a m
Arrive Hillsboro	5 30 p m	.....	11 07 a m
Arrive Greensboro	7 50 p m	.....	3 45 p m
Leave Greensboro	8 20 p m	6 56 a m	.....
Arrive High Point	8 55 p m	7 30 a m	.....
Arrive Salisbury	10 16 p m	9 15 a m	.....
Arrive Charlotte	12 27 a m	11 17 a m	.....

No. 48—Connects at Greensboro with Salem Branch at Air-Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. Railroad for all points South and Southwest; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. Railroad for all points South and Southeast.

No. 42—Connects at Air-Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. for all points South and Southwest; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. Railroad for all points South and Southeast.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro daily ex. Sunday	8 50 p m
Arrive Kernersville daily ex. Sun	10 00 p m
Arrive Salem daily except Sunday	10 50 p m
Leave Salem daily except Sunday	5 00 p m
Arrive Kernersville daily ex. Sun	5 40 p m
Arrive Gre